

# REPUBLICANS LEAVE COMMITTEE MEETING DOMINATED BY LEAGUE AND FORM A NEW ORGANIZATION

Stirring Scenes Mark Organization at Courthouse—League Delegates to G. O. P. Name Trygg as Chairman of County Committee While Bolting Delegates Name E. J. Fogarty—Resolutions Praising Republican Ticket Denied by League Delegates' Vote

## THE SKIDS WELL GREASED

The Republican party in Burleigh county today has two committees which claim to represent the party organization.

Members of one of these committees, organized yesterday, gathered at the regular time provided for the organization of political parties in every county of the state, took the amazing stand of voting for a resolution criticizing the party they say they represent.

The other committee voted for resolutions reviewing the history of the Republican party, pledging new fealty to the party, praised Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge, the party's candidates in the national campaign; and condemned extravagance in the Frazier state administration.

This situation was brought about during the meeting of precinct committeemen of Burleigh county when 21 members denounced the action of the majority in voting for a resolution condemning the Republican congress and bolted the meeting.

Not Merely a "Bolt."

The 21 delegates who were not merely a "bolt." The majority of the committeemen, those who are Nonpartisan league adherents, voted themselves out of the party when they refused to stand by the party candidates and condemned the party's representatives.

Control State Organization.

The Nonpartisan league now is in control of the Republican party state committee, obtained by electing precinct committeemen who go into organization meeting and put Nonpartisans in offices of the Republican party.

Two years ago there was little opposition to the league members in the meeting in Burleigh county—there was only one voice raised against them. The division yesterday was 30 league to 21 opponents. Two of the 53 precincts were not represented.

While the independent Republicans carried Burleigh county in the primary against the Nonpartisan candidates, the fact that a precinct committeeman in the smallest precinct has an equal vote with representatives of the largest precinct, the league was in the saddle yesterday afternoon.

The dramatic action of the 21 committeemen following the declaration of Theodore Koffel, one of the floor leaders for the anti-Townley group of committeemen, that he would not stay in a meeting in which men masquerading as Republicans sought to control the county organization.

After leaving the convention in the court room the 21 assembled in the sheriff's office and formed their organization.

The Committees.

The men named by the group of Nonpartisan league committeemen as representative of the Republican party follow:

County chairman—E. A. Trygg, Trygg township.

Secretary—A. H. Knowlton, Regan.

State Committeeman—Sam J. King, Moffit.

Executive (Com. O. F. Spangher, Wilton; Fred Josephson, Wing; J. H. Small, Bismarck; John Byers.

The men named by the Republicans in the second convention are:

County chairman—E. C. Fogarty, Sterling.

Secretary—G. N. Liddahl, Bismarck.

State committeeman—Theodore Koffel, Bismarck.

Executive committee—To be named by chairman.

State Well Represented.

The meeting was called to order by W. J. Prater, retiring chairman. Mr. Prater is a Townleyite, being employed by the state home building association. Hard Martin, the league county chairman, who came into the county shortly before the primary, was on hand to help direct things, though not a committeeman. S. S. McDonald, another member of the state administration and a Nonpartisan, was at the meeting.

Prater called for the election of a temporary chairman. The Nonpartisans proposed E. A. Trygg and named him over E. J. Fogarty. A. H. Knowlton was named temporary secretary over G. N. Liddahl.

The temporary chairman read a list of the committeemen. A motion made for the examination of the list by a credentials committee, supposedly prepared by Nonpartisan league men, was denied.

More in Halted.

The league men refused to permit the voting of a proxy for L. H. Langley, Republican, Walter Sellers, of Hay Creek, Republican, was seated.

A motion was made that the temporary chairman be asked to be put to a vote without giving an opportunity for the presentation of nominations, when Theodore Koffel and G. N. Liddahl, chief spokesmen for the anti-Townley group jumped to their feet.

After parleying, nominations were called for Trygg was nominated by (Continued on Page Two.)

## OLD-TIME BOSS METHODS USED BY N. P. LEADERS

The manner in which the Nonpartisan league organizers controlled the convention to name officers of the county central committee yesterday afternoon was after the old political method.

The league organizers were on hand to direct every move.

Carbon copies of "order" had been distributed to several league delegates. On this was the order of business. The name of each man who was to make a motion was printed on the sheet of paper.

When it came time for one delegate to make a motion, he got up and read it off the prepared paper.

The league men stuck to this prearranged plan. When the resolutions committee was named a typewritten resolution was produced and the committee was ready to report.

A young man who aspires to be a political boss could have obtained some first-hand information about how to throttle a convention at this meeting.

## WATER COMPANY PUTS PRICE ON PLANT FOR CITY

Would Sell It for \$480,000, and Costs of Investigation Made Recently

## FIRE PRESSURE IS TESTED

An offer to sell the plant of the water company to the city of Bismarck has been made to the city commission.

The commission will consider the offer, at a special meeting, which will be held tonight to discuss the water situation.

The offer presented by representatives of Alexander McKenzie, owner of the company, is reported to be \$480,000, plus the cost of an investigation which the company bore when the city filed a plea for a revision of water rates. This would increase the cost price to \$502,992.

To Discuss Policy

Recently bids for the construction of a new water plant were rejected, because they were deemed excessive. The policy to be pursued with reference to them probably will be discussed at the meeting.

Preparatory to the meeting a test of the water pressures was made last night. A fire call to the auditorium was sounded about 7:45 p. m. It was 3-1-2 minutes from the time of the call until the first stream of hose was playing on the building.

Six streams of water were turned on before the test was finished.

Mayor's Statement

In a statement on the results of the test, Mayor Lucas, who was present, said:

"The test shows that we do not have adequate fire protection. One stream with a small nozzle reaches beyond the top of the building. All of them ought to reach far above it. The streams with the large nozzle cannot reach the top. We could not fight a big fire successfully with such pressure."

## NESTOS TO TAKE TRIP TO NORWAY TO SEE MOTHER

Made Promise That if Spared From Politics Would Take the Trip

Minot, July 22.—Having promised himself and his mother a trip abroad should he be spared from the political arena, H. A. Nestos leaves July 30 for New York from where he takes passage August 5 on the Cunard liner Mauretania, bound for Norway, where he will visit his old home. It was seventeen years ago that Mr. Nestos last visited Norway and this morning he admitted that possibly a mother's prayer went up in favor of his opponent, preceding the convention. In any event he is delighted that he will soon enjoy a visit with his mother who is now in her sixty-ninth year.

Mr. Nestos will land at Bergen, going direct to Voss, the old home. He will visit Christiania and also Moss, where an uncle resides.

Only the fact that he fears some trouble might be experienced and delay encountered in getting necessary passports lead Mr. Nestos to abandon a short tour of the battlefield of central Europe. He expects to be gone about two months. Fall business necessitates that he return sooner than he would have otherwise.

## MICHIGAN SALT PLANT BURNED

Manistee, Mich., July 22.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the lumber and salt plant of the Buckley & Douglas Lumber company here early today, causing a loss estimated at \$1,000. A number of residences also were destroyed.

## LEAGUE OUSTED FROM CONTROL IN COMMITTEES

Results of County Meetings on State Committee is Not Yet Determined

## DOMINATE GRAND FORKS

Results of Organization Meetings in Several Counties are Reported

Whether the Republicans succeeded in regaining control of their party machinery throughout the state in the meetings of county central committees yesterday afternoon was not determined today. Reports from some counties show gains for the Independent Republicans as against the Nonpartisans.

A tabulation of reports from counties this afternoon showed Independent Republicans in control of the following: Grand Forks—Hercy, Hamsey, Cavalier, Stark, Cass, McIntosh, Sargent, Barnes, in one district; Grant, Richland, Traft, Walsh, Sioux, Golden Valley, La Moure.

The Nonpartisans controlled the Republican counties in: McHenry, McLean, Renville, Bottineau, Towner, Barnes in one district; Benson, Dickey, Walsh, Morton, Williams, McKenzie, Burke, Foster, Mercer, Steele, Griggs.

The total number of delegates chosen to the state committee from these counties, of which comprise more than one district, were: Independent, 19; Nonpartisans, 18.

Townley Gets Renville

C. E. Colcord, a Nonpartisan, was elected committeeman in Renville county, comprising the forty-third district. C. J. Devore was named chairman, and C. E. Allen, secretary. The Nonpartisans also controlled the Democratic convention, John Peck being elected committeeman; Tom McGrath, chairman, and K. A. Spielvogel, secretary.

Bottineau county, the first district, also was won by the Nonpartisans. Chas. Strech, a Socialist of Mackay, was elected chairman; J. F. Talcott of Westhope, secretary, and Jess Kane, a Socialist, committeeman. An executive committee of five will have charge of the campaign. A resolution was adopted endorsing the Republican administration as exemplified by Governor Frazier.

The Democratic convention was strongly anti-Townley. J. L. Gorder of Burbury being elected chairman, D. I. Armstrong of Willow City, secretary, and W. H. Luckey, committeeman. Townley controlled both conventions two years ago.

Democrats Control Own

Towner county, comprising the twenty-second district, also went to Townley. John Hearth was elected chairman; Theo. Hanson, secretary, and J. R. Leonard, committeeman.

The Democratic convention was controlled by the Independents. J. L. Harvey was named chairman; Henry Hammerly, secretary, and W. L. Noyes, committeeman.

The anti-Townley Republicans gained an organization in Logan county which, with McIntosh county, comprises the thirty-sixth district. A committeeman will be elected by the district at Napoleon next week. There was not a Townleyite precinct committeeman at the meeting this week. The Independents also control the organization in McIntosh county.

Both conventions in the thirteenth district, comprising Sargent county, went to the anti-Townley men by good majorities. J. J. Johnson, an Independent, was named committeeman. C. A. Wallick was named chairman, and J. E. Ellsworth, secretary.

Taylor O'Neill was named chairman, and V. W. Emanuel, secretary, of the Democratic convention.

One More in Barnes

The Independents got one of two committeemen in Barnes county, comprising the fifteenth and thirty-eighth districts. Henry King, a Nonpartisan, was elected committeeman from the thirty-eighth, and George H. Law, an Independent, from the fifteenth. Sam Torgerson and John Osborne, both Nonpartisans, were elected chairman and secretary.

Independents controlled the Democratic convention. C. W. Pollock being elected chairman, and L. W. Stoman, secretary. L. M. Kuhry and John A. Helling were elected committeemen.

Grant for Independents

Grant county, comprising the forty-seventh district, went to the league. J. J. Johnson was named committeeman; R. D. Beery, chairman, and J. F. Lawler, secretary. A resolution was adopted endorsing Harding for president and the Republican principles as outlined in the Chicago platform. The Democrats elected George Kimble, chairman; W. E. Harkey, secretary, and R. H. Leavitt, committeeman.

The twelfth and thirty-seventh districts in Richland county elected Independent committeemen. R. J. Hughes being named from the twelfth, and W. F. Norman Jr. from the thirty-seventh. P. H. Myhra was elected county chairman, and J. N. Thompson, secretary.

League in Benson

The Nonpartisans controlled the convention in Benson county, the twentieth district, by a majority of four electing Christ Rosendahl chairman; Hans Rank, secretary, and H. J. Hanson, committeeman. Anton Beck was named treasurer. Independents controlled the Democratic meeting. Thomas One was elected committeeman, John M. Dooley, chairman, and W. M. Conley, secretary.

The Nonpartisans had a majority of 21 to 13 in Dickey county, comprising the twenty-fifth district electing George Ross as committeeman. A resolution was adopted endorsing Harding and Coolidge and all Republican state nominees.

The Nonpartisans also won in Randall county, comprising the twenty-sixth district electing J. J. Johnson as committeeman. A resolution was adopted endorsing Harding and Coolidge and all Republican state nominees.

(Continued on Page Three)

## PASSENGERS TO PAY MORE FARE UNDER NEW PLEA

Washington, July 22.—Travel on railway passenger trains will cost from one-half to one cent a mile more if the Interstate Commerce Commission adopts the suggestions of the associations of railway executives for meeting the \$600,000,000 added operating expenses by reason of increased wages granted to employees of the roads by the labor board. A schedule of increased rates, both freight and passenger, has been worked out by the executives in conference here, and this was expected to be ready for submission soon.

## ALLIED TROOPS TO AID POLES IF NECESSARY

British and French Missions Leave for Warsaw to Confer on Situation

## TO COMBAT THE RED DRIVE

Military Aid Will be Given in Event of Drive in Poland by Russians

Paris, July 22.—The allies have decided to take measures preparatory to giving military aid to Poland if that should prove necessary it was learned today.

A French mission headed by Jules Jusserand, French Ambassador to the United States, who is home on leave, will leave tonight for Warsaw to arrange for prompt succor to the Poles. On the same train and with the same object there will be a British mission headed by Lord Aberdeen, British ambassador to Berlin.

Aid To Be Offered

These missions, it is learned, leave with full authority to say to the Poles that whatever aid is necessary whether military or financial, or in the nature of supplies, will be forthcoming if the Bolsheviks persist in a design to march into Polish territory.

It is stated unofficially but on high authority that this means help for Poland in the form of troops.

## ALASKA BOUND PLANES OFF TO WINONA, MINN.

Cross Lake Michigan After Leaving Grand Rapids Equipped With Life Preservers

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 22.—The four Alaska bound airplanes left here at 11:30 today on the third leg of their flight which takes them across Lake Michigan to Winona, Minn. Captain Street predicted the planes would reach Winona in four hours if no mishaps were encountered.

Each plane was equipped with life preservers for use of the aviators should they be forced down while crossing the lake. Their course was due west from Grand Haven to the Wisconsin shore.

## U. S. WINNER IN OLYMPIC SHOOT

Antwerp, July 22.—The American team was an easy winner in the first round of the Olympic trap shooting competition shoot this morning, scoring 155 birds of a possible 180 birds in the team shoot. Each man shooting at 20 targets.

## DEVILS LAKE GETS CLUB SITE

Devils Lake, July 22.—The Devils Lake Town and Country club acquired suitable grounds for the location of a golf course and tennis courts. The grounds committee announces today that the Dingle property, covering 172 acres, and located north of Chautauque, has been purchased, the deal having been closed Saturday.

This transaction assures the city and Lake Region of their first golf course, and the committee states that work on the course will be started immediately with the hope of having a number of holes in the course this fall, thus enabling golfers to get busy at their game.

## WEATHER REPORT

For twenty-four hours ending at noon, July 22

Temperature at 1 a. m. . . . . 68  
Highest yesterday . . . . . 88  
Lowest yesterday . . . . . 61  
Lowest last night . . . . . 65  
Precipitation . . . . . None  
Highest wind velocity . . . . . 24  
Forecast

For North Dakota: Thunder showers this afternoon or tonight, cooler tonight, Friday generally fair and cooler.

Lowest Temperatures

Fargo . . . . . 68  
Williston . . . . . 69  
St. Paul . . . . . 70  
Winnipeg . . . . . 71  
Chicago . . . . . 72  
Kansas City . . . . . 73

ORRIS W. ROBERTS  
Meteorologist

## RAIL MEN ARE SPLIT ON NEW WAGE GRANTS

Union Heads Meeting in Chicago Reach No Common Ground on Decision

## STRIKES FAVORED BY SOME

Labor Board Refused to Reconsider the \$600,000,000 Wage Award to Workers

(Bulletin)

Chicago, July 22.—A decision tonight on whether the 18 railroad unions will accept the wage award was promised today by T. E. Shepherd, when the brotherhood chiefs resumed their conferences.

Chicago, July 22.—Heads of the great railroad brotherhoods this morning were divided in opinion of the course of action which should be pursued as to acceptance or rejection of the \$600,000,000 wage increase granted by the railway board.

At the close of an all-night session at which no agreement was reached on a plan for concerted action six of the brotherhoods had expressed their decision as favorable to acceptance of the award in its entirety, seven favored referring it to the unions with recommendations that it be accepted; two were undecided, and one of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers voted to reject it, and was said to be preparing a strike ballot.

The following brotherhoods were reported to have accepted the awards: Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Switchmen's Union of North America, Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen and Oilers, United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees and Railroad Shop Laborers, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

Machinists For Vote

The brotherhood favoring a referendum include: International Association of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employees, Brotherhood of Railway Signal Men of America, Brotherhood of Railway Car Men of America, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths, Drop Forgers and Helpers.

The more conservative counsel in the union ranks has steadfastly opposed outright rejection of the labor board's decision. The door to recommendation of adoption apparently was closed today, leaders of the rail workers intimating, when they requested that the case be reopened, and the board refused to accede.

Board Refuses To Reopen

After asking for a rehearing it appeared doubtful that the union leaders could consistently recommend acceptance of the award, as their action indicated that it was undesirable to them. The only course left open, therefore, would be to pass the board's decision along to the men and rely on their referendum. The labor board declined to reopen the case.

SWITCHMEN BACK

Denver, July 22.—Rail officials today said the entire day shift reported on the C. & Q. where 20 night switchmen walked out at midnight.

The "vacancies" gave no reason but it is unofficially understood they were dissatisfied with the award of the railway board.

## RAINFALL 1920 COMPARED WITH THAT FOR 1919

Rainfall for June and July is Heavier This Year, Reports Show

The following comparative statement regarding the rainfall at Bismarck throughout the state has been compiled by the U. S. weather bureau here.

While the rainfall during April and May this year was generally less than throughout the same months last year, the quantity of rain which fell during June and July was greater this year.

The exact figures are:

Rainfall for the State

Month	1919	1920
April	1.50	0.83
May	3.25	1.79
June	2.31	3.73
July	1.81	1.81

Rainfall for Bismarck

Month	1919	1920
April	1.71	0.71
May	4.06	1.27
June	3.45	4.05
July	0.76	0.76

Complete figures for the month of July 1920 are, of course, not compiled, but so far during the month the amount of rain which has fallen during July this year is nearly three times as great as the rainfall for July last year.

O. W. Roberts, director of the weather bureau, reports that there were light rains last night at Williston, Jamestown, Minot, and Bismarck.

The amount of rain was Williston, 1.21; Jamestown, .71; Minot, .71; Bismarck, .71.

## JACK JOHNSON ON ROAD TO CHICAGO

Los Angeles, Cal., July 22.—Jack Johnson, former heavy weight champion boxer of the world, left here at 10 a. m. in custody of officers of Chicago where he is wanted on violating the Mann act.

## SENATOR HARDING OUTLINES BASIS OF CAMPAIGN FIGHT IN FALL AT NOTIFICATION

SALIENT POINTS IN SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE

"I pledge fidelity to our country and to God and accept the nomination of the Republican party for the presidency of the United States."

"The human element comes first, and I want the employers in industry to understand the aspirations, the convictions, the yearnings of millions of American wage-earners."

"The constitution contemplates no class and recognizes no group. It broadly includes all the people, with specific recognition for none."

"We approve collective bargaining."

"Gross expansion of currency and credits has depreciated the dollar. We will attempt intelligent and courageous deflation."

"When competition is natural, fair, impelling competition is suppressed, whether by law, compact or conspiracy, we halt the march of progress, silence the voice of aspiration and paralyze the will for achievement."

"I promise you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican congress can pass its declaration for a Republican executive to sign."

"I can hear the call of conscience, an insistent voice for largely reduced armaments throughout the world."

"Our vision includes more than a chief executive. We believe in a cabinet of highest capacity, equal to the responsibilities which our system contemplates, in whose councils the vice president, second official of the republic, shall be asked to participate."

Great Crowd of Republicans Gathers at Marion, Ohio, to Hear Keynote Speech of Presidential Nominee Following His Official Notification of nomination—Suffragists on Hand for the Occasion—National Chairman Presides—Town Celebrates

## FESTIVITIES BEGIN EARLY

(Text of Senator Harding's speech will be found on page 2).

Marion, O., July 22.—The Republican campaign attained full speed ahead today at the formal notification here of Warren G. Harding, the party's nominee for the presidency.

The notification ceremonies, which brought to Marion most of the big leaders of the party and many thousands of Harding enthusiasts included an acceptance speech by Senator Harding interpreting the Chicago platform and declaring the principles on which he expects the campaign to be fought out.

His declarations struck a keynote, giving tone to the arguments of Republican workers throughout the nation, in the season of political debate ushered in by notification today.

Begin Early

At 7 o'clock this morning a noisy aggregation of Marion citizens led off with a demonstration that set a mark for the out-of-town folks to shoot at. To their howling acclaim the Senator played the leading part in flag-raising, pulling the Stars and Stripes to the top of the weather beacon of the McKinley flag pole sent here a few days ago from Canton.

A plan of the suffragists to picket the notification ceremonies was abandoned.

Suffrage Are On Hand

During the evening Senator Harding had an appointment to receive a delegation from the National Woman's party, who wanted him to aid in securing favorable action by the Tennessee legislature on the suffrage action. He said he would be glad to listen to their requests but would have no immediate reply to make.

Will Hays, the national chairman, was the presiding officer at the notification. The program included invocation by Bishop William Oldham, of the Methodist church, the formal notification by Senator Lodge, Senator Harding's response and a benediction by Father Joseph Denning, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic church here.

## RESOLUTE WINS CLOSE CONTEST; TIME IS EQUAL

Allowance Defeats Lipton Yacht Though Sailing Time is Same

## SHAMROCK 2; RESOLUTE 1

Sandy Hook, N. J., July 22.—The Shamrock IV, was defeated by the American defender Resolute today by the time allowance for sail spread, and not a second more.

The official summary was:

Resolute: Start, 1:00:41; finish, 5:03:47; elapsed time, 4:03:06; corrected time, 3:54:05. Shamrock IV: start, 1:00:22; finish, 5:03:28; elapsed time, 4:03:06; corrected time, 4:03:06.

Resolute won by seven minutes one second, corrected time, elapsed time, tie.

Actual Time The Same

The elapsed time of the two sloops was exactly equal, after battling over a 30 mile windward and leeward course. To a novice the result was in the nature of a paradox for the Shamrock was the first to cross the finish line and took exactly the same time to cover the course, but she lost—because of the time allowance of seven minutes and one second which she had to give the Resolute to compensate for her longer sail spread.

The elapsed time, by official figures, was 5:03:06 for both yachts.

Shamrock Has Two Victories

At present the Shamrock has two victories against the Resolute's one. There will be no race on Thursday the Shamrock being in drydock for scraping.

This is the first tie, boat for boat, in the history of the cup races. The regatta committee waited an hour for the breeze, and then finding that the faint air from the southwest gave promise increasing they set the signal for a 15 mile heat.

Tacks On Top Of Shamrock

For the first hour Shamrock seemed to be making more headway than Resolute. She made four or five tacks, throwing her boat up into the wind to get Resolute to follow, and then falling back again on the tide in the hope of leaving Resolute in irons. But Captain Adams had seen the trick played before and he was not to be caught napping. In fact, Resolute gained a few hundred yards by these fake tacks of Shamrock.

Captain Burton tried every possible way to tack to squirm out from under Resolute. He made four or five fake tacks, throwing his boat up into the wind to get Resolute to follow, and then falling back again on the tide in the hope of leaving Resolute in irons. But Captain Adams had seen the trick played before and he was not to be caught napping. In fact, Resolute gained a few hundred yards by these fake tacks of Shamrock.

Make Twenty Tacks

The two yachts made more than 20 tacks between the highlands and Long Beach all of them within two miles of the beach. Still Shamrock could not make the weather berth.

The last mile was made with slightly scattered sheets and a point of sailing. Shamrock proved herself a trifle faster than Resolute in fact the last mile was a dead heat in view of the fact that the next race will be over a triangular course with two legs on broad reaches.

## MINOT CENSUS FIGURE 10,476

Washington, July 22.—The population of Minot, N. D., was announced by the census bureau today as 10,476, an increase of 4288 over 1910, or 69.4 percent. Other figures:

Austin, Minn., 10,118, increase 3,158 or 45.4 percent.

Albert Lea, Minn., 8,976, or 30.1 percent.

## MARKETING TO BE CONSIDERED

Chicago, July 22.—Plans for the marketing of grain and livestock will be formulated by the American Farm Bureau Federation in a two-day conference which opens here tomorrow. Delegates representing farmers' cooperative organizations throughout the country, state farm bureau state grain dealers' associations, farmers' unions and state granges are expected.

## SEPELLACY TO GET NAVY OFFICE POST

Washington, July 22.—Thomas Spellacy, of Hartford, Conn., is understood to have been selected as assistant secretary of the navy to succeed Franklin D. Roosevelt when Mr. Roosevelt takes office August 10. He will be one of a group of officers making the race for the vice presidency.



# 20,000 LOAVES DAILY CAPACITY OF NEW BAKERY

Modern Machinery Installed in  
Barker Bakery Which Turns  
Out Bread Rapidly

## HANDS DO NOT TOUCH IT

One of the largest and more up to date bakeries in the middle west has recently been installed in Bismarck. It is the new Barker bakery which occupies three stories on Third street near Broadway. John Hoffman is the manager of the new enterprise.

A feature of the bakery is the automatic and sanitary system of baking bread and pastry. The bread is not touched by hands in the entire process. It is a complete automatic system and the only bakery similar in the state is the Barker bakery at Fargo.

The managers will conduct both a wholesale and retail business, being able to furnish the people in this vicinity with bread 24 hours fresher than have been receiving from the 17th cities, Mr. Hoffman says. The capacity of the plant is 20,000 loaves per day but at present the local shop is turning out 8,000 daily.

**Most Modern Machinery**

The latest and most sanitary baking machinery that can be secured has been installed to furnish the people in this territory with bread. According to Mr. Hoffman his shop is one complete automatic unit. The capacity of the machinery is equal to any found in the larger cities. While larger bakeries are in the twin cities the systems in these shops are not larger but they have more than one system. It is said that a Barker bakery in Chicago has four complete units. This means that that bakery turns out four times as much bread as the local shop. The Barker is the largest individual baking system manufactured.

Another feature of the new bakery shop is the sanitary precautions that are taken. While the bread is handled at all times in sanitary vessels nevertheless the management has signs posted in conspicuous places warning employees against all unsanitary practices.

**How They Do It.**

The flour is first dumped into bins in the basement where it is elevated by an auger up to the mixing room on the third floor. On the third floor the flour is elevated to the mixing room by machinery. Very few bakers make a practice of sifting their flour before turning it into bread. After being sifted and mixed it is then dumped into troughs and shoots and sent to the main floor.

On the main floor the bread is dumped into machinery called the automatic sealer and divider. This machine forms the bread into loaves. It is then dropped into racks where it is carried for 15 minutes while it rises. From there it is put into the moulder to be shaped into loaves. After this operation is completed the dough is placed on racks and given a steam bath for 30 minutes.

**New Oven System.**

When the finished bread is placed into the large ovens and baked. Another interesting feature of the bakery is these ovens. All the fire and ashes from the furnaces are kept in the basement in separate rooms so that there is no danger of dust getting on the dough. There is no heat from the ovens on the main floor. The material in the two ovens weighs over two tons.

After the bread is baked the loaves are put into the wrapping machine where they are wrapped in wax paper at the rate of 1,800 an hour. The bread is then boxed and ready to be shipped to various sections of the state.

## PROHIBITION TO KEEP UP FIGHT UNTIL FOES SURRENDER

(Continued from Page One)

plan for the nullification of the national constitution, so long as temperance men sleep in their tents and wait for a plan to nullify the law, so long will the great dominant issue of our party be a living question.

**What He Wants.**

"We still demand as in former years that parties and officials shall respect the laws and their own oaths of office, or if they have conscientious objection to loyalty, honor and decency, that they step aside and turn over the task of law enforcement to the friends of the cause. Former liquor selling places all over the land are being held intact, with fixtures and possibly liquor, in expectation of the time when indifference and tolerance on the part of the officials will change to positive friendship.

"In many cities, the law is openly violated and officials who are dry in sentiment are withheld from enforcing the law by the fear of the party bosses, who will not risk the alienation of any considerable number of voters. Parties are suspicious of each other and will neglect a plain duty for fear the opposite party will gain a temporary advantage. While we are thankful for the progress made and hopeful of the final outcome, we cannot ignore plain facts nor build false hopes.

"Our motives for hating the liquor traffic are becoming stronger each year. The testimony of science is more crushing and the demands of business are more exacting than ever before. The experiment of even partially enforced prohibition has been so eminently satisfactory, and the demonstrations of moral and industrial improvements so convincing that millions of voters between two opinions have been convinced beyond a shadow of doubt. Empty jails and decreasing prison population, increase in collections and bank deposits and a halt in the alarming growth of insanity; all these and more are now speaking in trumpet tones of a better day already upon us.

**For Woman Suffrage.**

"Our mothers, sisters and wives, who have been seeking the ballot as a legal weapon with which to beat off the moral and social evils from the door of the home, must still find us true. As we were their earliest political friends, so we must stand by this reform until the victory is finally completed.

"While we retain the right as individuals to use our influence against

# WOMAN DOCTOR ASSIGNED TO MINISTER TO GEORGIA BABIES



Dr. Lydia Allen DeVilbiss and a normal Georgia baby, Mary Minell Gibson.

any and all evil habits and practices. We must not scatter our forces or weaken our position as a party on the real political issues.

"We must place in the field a ticket of real presidential size and make a campaign that will win the respect of all thinking men and women. We must be radical in doctrine, dignified in manner; and above all, we must be optimistic and aggressive, with no apologies to any man for our faith, and no fear of any one except the Lord and one more victory will be added to the long list now standing to the credit of the only political party that has never defeated."

## JAP BATTLESHIP MEASURES UP TO BEST IN WORLD

The Mutsu, Recently Launched, Comparable with American, Maryland, Says Dispatch

## COMPARISON OF THE SHIPS

Yokosuka, Japan, July 21. The Japanese battleship Mutsu, recently launched here is closely comparable with the newest American battleship, the Maryland, launched at Newport News, in March. Both warships, however, are considerably smaller and less speedy than the great British battleship cruiser Hood, launched in the Clyde in August, 1918. The Hood on the other hand, is armed with 15-inch guns in her main battery, while the Mutsu and the Maryland will have an equal number of 16-inch rifles.

The Hood, continues to be the largest warship afloat, a distinction she will hold until the Massachusetts class of dreadnought comes into United States navy service in 1921.

A comparison of tonnage, length, speed and guns of the three great ships shows:

Tonnage:	Mutsu, 33,800; Hood, 41,200; Maryland, 32,950.
Length:	Mutsu, 601 ft.; Hood, 860 ft.; Maryland, 621 ft.
Designated speed:	Mutsu, 23 1/2 knots; Hood, 31 knots; Maryland, 21 knots.
Main battery:	Mutsu, 8.12-inch; Hood, 8.15-inch; Maryland, 8.16-inch.

## METHODS COSTLY

**REV. O. J. KYALE**

Rev. O. J. Kyale lost the Republican nomination for congress in Minnesota by Judge Johnson's decision that he violated the corrupt practices act in his campaign. He was charged with calling his opponent, A. J. Volstead, author of the prohibition amendment, an atheist. Charged on both sides against the judge should decide the contest on the issue of whether Kyale did this. Kyale was endorsed by the Nonpartisan League, but says he isn't a League member.

# OFFICE DEMAND CROWD HOTELS IN NEW YORK

Lack of Space for Business, and Not Prohibition, Declared the Cause

## FAMOUS HOSTELRIES QUIT

New York, July 21. The bidding power of office seekers and not prohibition has caused many hotels in the general vicinity of 42nd street to close recently, according to opinions of real estate men expressed today.

Within a relative short time of one another such old and famous hostelrys as the Holland House, Sherry's and the Fifth Avenue hotel have closed their doors and more recently the Knickerbocker—a relatively new and imposing structure—abandoned business.

"Prohibition has done this," cried many "wets" but now one well known hotel woman advanced the theory that the steady march of business toward the newer uptown sections was a paramount consideration of the men who decided to close their hostelrys.

**Reputations Don't Count**

"A hotel doesn't have to run behind to close," she declared, "if the owner of the property considers it better business policy to erect an office building on the ground, he isn't likely to let sentiment sway him. Prohibition? No! Let's say business."

Real estate men admitted, however, there was no general formula to account for the disappearance of the old hotels, some of them the possessors of international reputations.

Some people who are closely in touch with the hotel business ascribe the closing of some of the older houses to the fact that the principles of hotel construction have undergone radical changes in the last decade. Hotels, they say, are being built with several times as many rooms as formerly, effecting a concentration about one controlling headquarters and reducing the "overhead expense" incident to upkeep of individual rooms and apartments.

**Sentimental Loss**

Something more than sentimental loss is entailed in the passing of the old hotels, another hotel manager points out.

"With the closing of the Holland House, Sherry's, the Knickerbocker and the Manhattan," he said, "there has been a decrease of about 2,000 rooms available in the center of the city. Recent structures have supplied about 4,000 rooms, leaving a net gain of about 2,000 rooms in five years. This gain is not adequate to accommodate the increased demand. I doubt if even the new hotels now planned will be sufficient to supply the demand of the greater number of applicants."

That this fact is appreciated by hotel interests is proved by the extensive preparations being made to fill the need. Plans are under way for the construction of several new hotels in the up-town district.

One large hotel is to add 2,000 rooms and another will be constructed as to contain at least 3,000 rooms. In addition, besides construction of smaller houses, it is said that a California syndicate is casting about for sites for several mammoth hotels in the city.

## COAL SHORTAGE MYTH ASSERTS WHOLESALE MAN

Alarmists Are Playing Upon Fears of People, Declares George H. Cushing

Washington, July 21. — Accusing alarmists of "playing upon the ignorant fears of the people," George H. Cushing, managing director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, reiterated his contention there is no danger of a coal shortage. Mr. Cushing declares those who estimate a present shortage on the basis of reduced production of last winter are working on a wholly false premise.

"The people have been led to believe a shortage of coal last winter has a determining influence on the supply available for the coming winter," said Mr. Cushing. "Coal not produced last winter is one year's water that has gone over the dam. If we did not get coal last November, December and January, we did not burn it. But that demand died when it was not satisfied and cannot be resurrected. So we must admit that last year's strike is no burden upon this year's situation."

"The people are being led to believe that because we had but small stocks of coal on the first of April we are in grave danger of a famine next winter. The people are being led to believe—and the business men stupidly confirm it—that business men studiously arrange to have storage piles of coal on hand on the first of April. That is not true."

"The people are being led to believe we are running into a famine merely because the number of cars set for any one mine is less than 100 per cent supply."

"As I read it, there is nothing in the record of production since the first of April that would indicate that we are running headlong into a famine. On the contrary, the indications are safely on the other side."

About 100 families have been leaving Winnipeg, Man., for the country, each week since the first of May, due to the house shortage.

**For POISON IVY use PICRY**

For sale at all Drug Stores. Money refunded if not satisfied.



# "Take It From" R. B. LOUBEK MOTOR CO.

THAT Brains will put you on top; character will keep you there.

It's the enduring quality of Kelly Springfield Tires that keeps them on the best cars in America.

**216 Main Street**  
Phone 234  
Biggest Stock "KELLYS" between Minneapolis and Butte. All Sizes. Service!

## INFLATION OF CREDIT HALTS, BANKS DECLARE

Reserve Banks Give Report on Business Showing Moderate Decrease in Loans

Chicago, July 21.—Evidence of a check on credit inflation is contained in the weekly reports of the federal reserve banks. The statements of the New York and Chicago institutions show a moderate decrease in loans, a slight increase in deposits, and a rather sharp recession in note collection. It is recognized that the reduction of loans may be only temporary, and occasioned by the improving transportation service, and attendant liquidation of commodities.

This deflation, although slight, may also be attributable in part, to preparation for the demand for credit when crop moving begins, when it is recognized there must be a considerable increase in loans. The increase in deposits may be attributed to the return of funds which had been withdrawn to meet the half yearly settlements, and disbursements of interest and dividends on July 1.

The New York federal reserve bank shows a fair reduction in loans to the member banks, these receding \$21,397,000, but its loans to other federal reserve banks increased \$4,088,000, so that the decrease in total loans was \$17,311,000. Total gold deposits advanced \$28,505,000, while note circulation declined \$21,544,000. Total earning assets declined \$24,594,000. With respect to loans, those secured by government war paper continue to constitute about two-thirds of the total borrowings of the member banks, while borrowings of other federal reserve banks remain divided about equally between war paper and commercial bills. As the result of these changes the reserve position was more favorable.

At State Capitol  
Father Clemens and Father Laurance, of Mandan, were at the state capital on business yesterday afternoon.

**Consumers Dray and Transfer Co.**  
Phone 270  
Ice and Teaming

**Goodyear Service Station**

**Corwin Motor Co. Electric Service & Tire Co.**

## ANTI SALOONISTS CONSIDER MR. COX

St. Louis, Mo., July 21.—The executive committee of the American Anti-Saloon League will meet in Columbus, Ohio, Thursday to decide if a fight will be launched against Gov. James M. Cox, Democratic presidential nominee. It is announced here by Rev. W. C. Sharp, superintendent of the Missouri Anti-Saloon League.

Superintendent Sharp said if it decided Senator Harding's record is "but little dryer" than that of Gov. Cox the Anti-Saloon League will "keep off" and let the choice rest with the voters.

**MARKETS**

**LIVESTOCK MARKET**

Chicago, July 21.—Cattle receipts, 9,000. Steady. Early sales good and choice yearlings and heavyweights, steady. Weighty and plain cattle dull. Calves 50 cents higher.

Hog receipts, 18,000. Early trading fully steady with yesterdays average. Early top \$16.65. Pigs strong. \$13.50 to \$14.50.

Sheep receipts, 16,000. Uneven. Mostly steady to lower. Very good western lambs \$15.00. Bulk \$14.25 to \$15.25.

**SOUTH ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK**

Hog receipts, 10,000. Steady and weak. Range, \$13.50 to \$15.30. Bulk, \$14.25 to \$14.50. Cattle receipts, 45,000. Killers steady. Fat steers, \$6.50 to \$15.50. Cows and heifers, \$5.50 to \$13.00. Calves 50 cents lower firm active slow weak. \$4.75 to \$10.50. Stockers and feeders steady slow. \$4.25 to \$12.50.

Sheep receipts 500. 50 cents lower. Lambs, \$6 to \$14.50. Wethers, \$2 to \$7.50. Ewes, \$2.

# DANCE AT SCHEBLER'S BARN FRIDAY, JULY 23rd

Robinson, Baritone Singer, will also be there

## McDONALD'S ORCHESTRA

**The "BEE"**

**ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANER**

Renovates as It Cleans

Sold on Very Easy Terms, if desired.

**What This Vacuum Cleaner Means to Woman**

It takes the Drudge out of Cleaning. It saves moving rugs and furniture about. It saves Dusting afterwards. It makes housework lighter and easier. It makes it easier to keep a good Maid. It renovates as well as cleans. It gives your Rugs and Carpets an Air-bath. It renews them instead of wearing them out. It is sanitary. It is hygienic. It makes the Home sweet and clean. It weighs only 10 lbs., and can be easily carried about. No frequent oiling necessary. It is Simple in construction and operation. It makes it safe for your children to play on the floor, because it removes the Dust and disease germs. No complicated mechanism in this cleaner.

**It Conserves Woman's Labor**

**FRENCH & WELSH HDW. CO.**

Dealers  
**THE WINCHESTER STORE**  
Main Street







# Harding Doooms Autocratic Rule

## G. O. P. NOMINEE SAYS ONE MAN RULE MUST GO

Advocates Party Responsibility as Distinguished From Personal Rule of President

### SHUNS NO RESPONSIBILITY

For Protective Tariff, Merchant Marine, Small Army, Woman Suffrage, National Budget

Marion, Ohio—(Special). Warren G. Harding was officially notified here of his nomination as the Republican candidate for the presidency. His speech of acceptance is, in part, as follows:

Chairman Lodge, members of national committee, members of national committee, ladies and gentlemen: The message which you have formally conveyed brings to me a realization of responsibility which is not underestimated. It is a supreme task to interpret the covenant of a great political party, the activities of which are so woven into the history of this republic and a very sacred and solemn undertaking to utter the faith and aspirations of the many millions who adhere to that party. The party platform has charted the way, yet, somehow, we have come to expect that interpretation which voices the faith of nominees who must assume specific tasks.

Let me be understood clearly from the very beginning. I believe in party sponsorship in government. I believe in party government as distinguished from personal government, individual dictatorship, autocracy or what not.

No man is big enough to run this great republic. There never has been one. Such domination was never intended. Tranquillity, stability, dependability—all are assured in party sponsorship, and we mean to renew the assurances which were rendered in the cataclysmic war. Our first commitment is the restoration of representative popular government, under the constitution, through the agency of the Republican party. Our vision includes more than a chief executive, we believe in a cabinet of highest capacity, equal to the responsibilities which our system contemplates, in whose councils the vice president, second official of the republic, shall be asked to participate. The same vision includes a cordial understanding and coordinated activities with a house of congress, fresh from the people voting the convictions which members bring from direct contact with the electorate and cordial cooperation along with the restored functions of the senate, fit to be the greatest deliberative body of the world.

It is not different, Chairman Lodge, to make ourselves clear on the question of international relationship. We Republicans of the senate, conscious of our solemn oaths and mindful of our constitutional obligations, when we saw the structure of a world super-government taking visionary form, joined in a becoming warning of our devotion to this republic. If the torch of constitutionalism had not been dimmed, the delayed peace of the world and the tragedy of disapproval and Europe's misunderstanding of America easily might have been avoided. The Republicans of the senate halted the barter of independent American eminence and influence, which it was proposed to exchange for an obscure and unequal place in the merged government of the world. Our party means to hold the heritage of American nationality unimpaired and unswerving.

The world will not misconstrue. We do not mean to hold aloof. We do not mean to shun a single responsibility of this republic to world civilization. There is no hate in the American heart. We have no envy, no suspicion, no aversion for any people in the world. We hold to our rights and mean to defend, aye, we mean to sustain the rights of this nation and our citizens alike everywhere under the shining sun. Yet there is the concord of amity and sympathy and fraternity in every resolution. There is a genuine aspiration in every American breast for a tranquil friendship with all the world.

One may readily sense the conscience of our America. I am sure I understand the purpose of the dominant group of the senate. We were not seeking to defeat a world aspiration. We were resolved to safeguard America. We were resolved then, even as we are today, and will be tomorrow, to preserve this free and independent republic. In the call of the conscience of America is peace, peace that closes the gaping wounds of world war and silences the impassioned voices of international envy and distrust. Heeding this call and knowing as I do the disposition of the congress, I promise

you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican congress can pass its declaration for a Republican executive to sign.

It is better to be the free and disinterested agent of international justice and advancing civilization with the covenant of conscience, than be shackled by a written compact which surrenders our freedom of action and gives to a military alliance the right to proclaim America's duty to the world. No surrender of rights to a world council or its military alliance, no assumed mandatory however appealing, ever shall summon the sons of this republic to war. Their supreme sacrifice shall only be asked for America and its call of honor. There is a sanctity in that right we will not delegate.

Disposed as we are, the way is very simple. Let the failure attending assumption, obstinacy, impracticability and delay be recognized, and let us find the big, practical, unselfish way to do our part, neither coveting because of ambition nor hesitant through fear, but ready to serve ourselves, humanity and God. With a senate advising as the constitution contemplates, I would hopefully approach the nations of Europe and of the earth, proposing that understanding which makes us a willing participant in the consecration of nations to a new relationship, to commit the moral forces of the world, America included, to peace and international justice, still leaving America free, independent and self-reliant, but offering friendship to all the world.

It is folly to close our eyes to outstanding facts. Humanity is restive, much of the world is in revolution, the agents of discord and destruction have wrought their tragedy in pathetic Russia, have lighted their torches among other peoples, and hope to see America as a part of the great red conflagration. Ours is the temple of liberty under the law, and it is ours



WARREN G. HARDING

to call the sons of opportunity to its defense. America must not only save herself, but ours must be the appealing voice to sober the world.

It must be understood that toll alone makes for accomplishment and advancement, and righteous possession is the reward of progress and incentive. There is no progress except in the stimulus of competition. The elder trouble today is that the world was wrought the destruction of healthful competition, left our storehouses empty and there is a minimum production when our need is maximum. Maximum not minimum is the call of America. It isn't a new story because war never fails to leave depleted storehouses and always impairs the efficiency of production. War also establishes its higher standards for wages and they abide. I wish the higher wage to abide, on one explicit condition, that the wage-earner will give full return for the wage received. I want, somehow, to appeal to the sons and daughters of the republic, to every producer, to join hand and brain in production, more production, honest production, patriotic production, because patriotic production is no less a defense of our best civilization than that of armed force. Profiteering is a crime of commission, underproduction is a crime of omission. We must work our most and best else the destruction reaction will come.

The menacing tendency of the present day is not chargeable wholly to the unsettled and fevered conditions caused by the war. The manifest weakness of popular government lies in the temptation to appeal to group citizenship for political advantage. It would be the blindness of folly to ignore the activities in our own country which are aimed to destroy our economic system, and to commit us to the colossal tragedy which has destroyed all freedom and made Russia impotent. This movement is not to be halted in throttled liberties. We must not abridge the freedom of speech, the freedom of press, or the freedom of assembly, because there is no promise in repression. These liberties are as sacred as the freedom of religious belief, as inviolable as the rights of life and the pursuit of happiness. We do hold to the right to crush sedition, to stifle a menacing contempt for law, to stamp out a peril to the safety of the republic or its people, when emergency calls, the cause security and the majesty of the law are first essentials of liberty. He who threatens destruction of the government by force or threats his contempt for lawful authority, it is to be a loyal citizen and to see his rights to the freedom of the republic.

No party is in the right to the government of the wage-earner. To us his greatest fortune is of deepest concern and we

seek to make that good fortune permanent. We do not oppose but approve collective bargaining because that is an outstanding right but we are unalterably insistent that its exercise must not destroy the equally sacred right of the individual in his necessary pursuit of livelihood. Any American has the right to quit his employment; so has every American the right to seek employment. The group must not endanger the individual, and we must discourage groups preying upon one another and none shall be allowed to forget that the government's obligations are alike to all the people.

We are so confident that much of the present day insufficiency and inefficiency of transportation are due to the withering hand of government operation that we emphasize anew our opposition to government ownership. We want to expedite the reparation and make sure the mistake is not repeated.

A state of inadequate transportation facilities, mainly chargeable to the failure of governmental experiment, is losing millions to agriculture. It is menacing industry, it is menacing the American people with a fuel shortage little less than a peril. It emphasizes the present-day problem and suggests that spirit of encouragement and assistance which commits all America to relieve such an emergency.

Gross expansion of currency and credit have depreciated the dollar just as expansion and inflation have discredited the coins of the world. We inflated in haste, we must deflate in deliberation. We debased the dollar in reckless finance, we must restore it in honesty. In all sincerity we promise the prevention of unreasonable profits, we challenge profiteering with all the moral force and the legal powers of government and people but it is fair, aye, it is timely, to give reminder that law is not the sole corrective of our economic ills.

Let us call to all the people for thrift and economy, for denial and sacrifice if need be for a nation-wide drive against extravagance and luxury, to a recommitment to simplicity of living, to that prudent and normal plan of life which is the health of the republic. New conditions which attend amazing growth and extraordinary industrial development call for a new and forward looking program. The American farmer had a hundred and twenty millions to feed in the home market, and heard the cry of the world for food and answered it, though he faced an appalling task and handicaps never encountered before. Contemplating the defenselessness of the individual farmer to meet the organized buyers of his products and the distributors of the things the farmer buys, I hold that farmers should not only be permitted but encouraged to join in cooperative association to reap the just measure of reward merited by their arduous toil.

Our platform is an earnest pledge of renewed concern for this most essential and elemental industry and in both appreciation and interest we pledge effective expression in law and practice. We will halt that cooperation which again will make profitable and desirable the ownership and operation of comparatively small farms intensively cultivated, and which will facilitate the curing for the products of farm and orchard without the lamentable waste under present conditions.

America would look with anxiety on the discouragement of farming activity either through the government's neglect or its paralysis by socialistic practices. A Republican administration will be committed to renew regard for agriculture, and seek the participation of farmers in curing the ills justly complained of, and aim to place the American farm where it ought to be, highly ranked in American activities and fully sharing the highest good fortunes of American life.

Becomingly associated with this subject are the policies of irrigation and reclamation, so essential to agricultural expansion, and the continued development of the great and wonderful west. It is our purpose to continue and enlarge federal aid, not in sectional partiality, but for the good of all America.

I believe the budget system will effect a necessary, helpful reformation and reveal business methods to government business.

I believe federal departments should be made more businesslike and send back to productive effort thousands of federal employees, who are either duplicating work or not essential at all.

I believe in the protective tariff policy and know we will be calling for its saving Americanism again.

I believe in a great merchant marine. I would have this republic the leading maritime nation of the world. I believe in a navy ample to protect and able to assure as dependable defense.

I believe in a small army but the best in the world with a mindfulness for preparedness which would avoid the unutterable cost of our previous neglect.

I believe in our eminence in trade abroad, which the government should aid in expediting both in revealing markets and speeding cargoes.

I believe in establishing standards for immigration which are concerned with the future citizenship of the republic, not with mere man power in industry.

I believe that every man who does the work of American citizenship and walks in the light of American opportunity must become American in heart and soul.

I believe in holding fast to every forward step in unbacking child labor and degrading conditions of woman unemployment.

I believe the federal government

should stamp out lynching and remove that stain from the fair name of America.

I believe the federal government should give its effective aid in solving the problem of unple and becoming housing of its citizens.

I believe this government should make its Liberty and Victory bonds worth all that its patriotic citizens paid in purchasing them.

I believe the tax burdens imposed for the war emergency must be revised to the needs of peace and in the interest of equity in distribution of the burden.

I believe the negro citizens of America should be guaranteed the enjoyment of all their rights, that they have earned the full measure of citizenship bestowed, that their sacrifices in blood on the battlefields of the republic have entitled them to all of freedom and opportunity, all of sympathy and aid, that the American spirit of fairness and justice demands.

I believe there is an easy and open path to righteous relationship with Mexico. It has seemed to me that our undeveloped, uncertain, and inferior policy has made us a culpable party to the governmental misfortunes in that land. Our relations ought to be both friendly and sympathetic. We would like to acclaim a stable government there and offer a neighborly hand in pointing the way to greater progress.

I believe in law enforcement. If elected I mean to be a constitutional president and it is impossible to ignore the constitution, unthinkable to evade the law, when our every commitment is to orderly government. The four million defenders on land and sea were worthy of the best traditions of a people, never warlike in peace and never pacifist in war. They commanded our pride. They have our gratitude which must have the genuine expression. It is not only a duty, it is a privilege to see that the sacrifices made shall be requited and that those still suffering from casualties and disabilities shall be abundantly aided and restored to the highest capabilities of citizenship and its enjoyment.

The womanhood of America, always its glory, its inspiration and the potent uplifting force in its social and spiritual development, is about to be enfranchised. Insofar as congress can go the fact is already accomplished. By party edict, by my recorded vote by personal conviction, I am committed to this measure of justice. It is my earnest hope, my sincere desire, that the one needed state vote be quickly recorded in the affirmation of the right of equal suffrage and that the vote of every citizen shall be cast and counted in the approaching election. And to the great number of noble women who have opposed in conviction this tremendous change in the ancient relation of the sexes as applied by government, I venture to plead that they will accept the full responsibility of enlarged citizenship and give to the best by the republic their suffrage and support.

Ours is not only a fortunate people but a very common-sensical people with vision high but their feet on the earth, with belief in themselves and faith in God. Whether enemies threaten from without or menaces arise from within, there is some indubitable voice that says, "Have confidence in the republic. America will go on."

Did She Mean Just That?  
"I want you to forget that I told you I didn't mean what I said about not taking back my refusal to change my mind. I've been thinking it over, and I've decided that I was wrong in the first place." The Man—"You don't really mean that, do you, Dolly?"—London Mail.

### REPUBLICANS LEAVE COMMITTEE MEETING DOMINATED BY LEAGUE AND FOR A NEW ORGANIZATION

(Continued from Page One)  
The league men and E. J. Fogarty was nominated by Theodore Koffel.

I nominate a man for chairman who has done the Republican party good service, who is a Republican through and through, and who is active, fair and square," said Koffel. Mr. Fogarty is a farmer.

The vote was 30 to 21 in favor of Trygg.

The same procedure was gone through in nominating A. H. Knowlton for permanent secretary and G. N. Livdahl, Knowlton being elected.

King Named.  
Next was the nomination for state committeeman, Koffel was named as was S. J. King. The league men elected King.

About this time, the convention apparently going along as scheduled, Mr. Prater left the hall.

The chairman started to appoint a committee of three to report on resolutions.

"Why have a committee?" asked Livdahl. "Why not present them from the floor?"

The matter was put to a vote. The league men voted solid and a committee composed of John Evers, Joe Farley and John Salter was named, and given ten minutes to report resolutions.

They conferred in a corner and then presented a typewritten resolution, already prepared.

The Resolution.  
The resolution passed by the Non-partisan delegates follows:  
"Whereas the cost of living is constantly rising, and  
"Whereas the national congress is doing nothing to relieve the situation  
"Whereas the Nonpartisan League program offers the only practical solution and actual re-

lieve the oppression caused by the manipulators and profiteers.  
"Therefore, be it resolved, that we renew our allegiance to the Nonpartisan League and commend Governor Frazier for his earnest zeal in carrying out the wishes of the people in the face of the vicious obstructionist tactics of the representatives of the profiteering interests.

"Be it further resolved that we commend the industrial commission for its faithfulness in starting the industrial program, and  
"Be it further resolved that we pledge our active support to the Nonpartisan League and its industrial program."

No Republican was named—the Republican congress being recommended. Livdahl rose to offer an amendment, presenting a typewritten resolution. There was objection.

Gag Rule Stopped.  
The chairman was going to let the house decide whether it wanted the amendment offered, but was called and the gag-rule was not invoked.

"Are you chairman of this meeting?" demanded Livdahl.

"Yes," replied Trygg.

"Then, I want to know if you will receive an amendment to the motion pending before the house?"

Trygg wanted the house to decide, but backed down and the gag-rule was not invoked.

Laughter for Lincoln.  
Mr. Livdahl then read the resolution. It reviewed the party's history. When he read a portion praising Lincoln, McKinley, Garfield and Roosevelt there was laughter from the Nonpartisans.

"That's a long time ago," interrupted one man.

When Livdahl read the portion denouncing the Frazier administration there were side-glances and then laughter from the league and cheers from the anti-Roosevelt men. Livdahl's motion was seconded by A. M. Blomrud of near Itasca.

Theodore Koffel spoke in support of the amendment.

"Don't stand here convicted by your own acts of frauds and misrepresentations," he said to the Nonpartisans. "This resolution is merely offered in support of the Republican party, and this is a Republican committee."

Assault Extravaganza.  
He attacked the state administration's extravagance and denounced the smelting committee, socialistic measures and other acts of the state regime.

He was interrupted by one man.

"Are you afraid to listen to the truth, and does it hurt?"

There were answers of "no."

"Isn't it true that under the administration of the Republican party this nation has become the greatest nation in the world?" he asked. There was applause from the minority side; none from the majority.

Alone Two Years Ago.  
Koffel told them that two years ago he was alone in the committee meeting and when he introduced a patriotic resolution he was the only one to vote for it.

"Now we have 21 today, and on one or two questions we have voted together. The signs are encouraging," he said.

Livdahl spoke in support of the resolutions. He said he didn't expect the committee to report that part of the resolutions which condemned the Frazier administration, but that he did think the committee would say something about national issues.

"I am pained that they (the majority members) should have such disregard for the truth as to call themselves Republicans," and come here and say they are something else," said Livdahl. The vote was 30 to 21 against the amendment.

Where Was Swanson?  
There then was a demand for a roll call on the original resolution as reported by the committee. There was objection from the league side until R. R. Boyd rose and declared that everyone should go on record.

Another man rose and said that if a roll-call were demanded the chairman must give it. About this time one of the Republicans was looking around to see C. A. Swanson, Nonpartisan county commissioner, named by the league. He was missing from his place. This man said. But the delegates did not have to go on record. Koffel rose and declared he would not stay in such a meeting.

"If we condemn the Republican congress we cannot be Republicans," he said, and he rose and left.

After the 21 left, the Nonpartisans quickly finished their work. The original resolutions were adopted with one dissenting vote. Members of an executive committee were named and the meeting was adjourned.

During the entire meeting little was said by the league men, nearly all of the talking being done by the opposition. S. J. King rose at one time when his right to sit was questioned because of a technicality and talked in favor of the industrial program. Another man at another time declared some of Mr. Koffel's remarks were unparliamentary.

New Meeting Begins.  
The meeting of the 21 "bolters" was called to order by Theodore Koffel in the sheriff's office. E. J. Fogarty was elected temporary chairman and G. N. Livdahl was made temporary secretary.

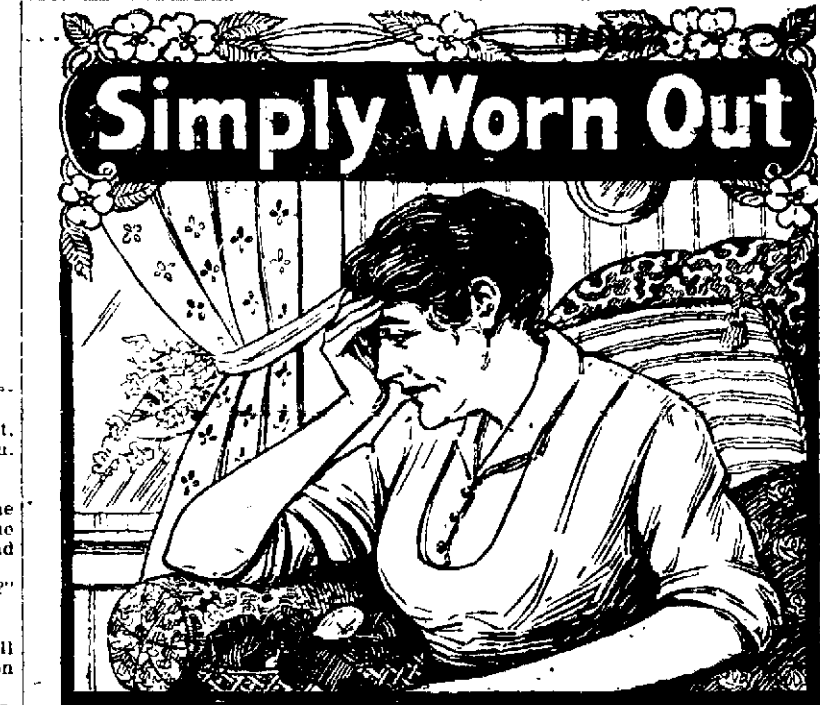
It was moved and passed that all delegates present or represented by proxy be considered as permanent members of the real Republican committee for Burleigh county. It was moved and passed that the temporary organization be made permanent.

Rejected Resolution Passed.  
The resolution, pledging support to the national party's platform and candidates, which was rejected by the executive committee, was unanimously passed by the "committee of 21."

The prime "bone" over the Republican county organization will be re-established, it was said. Mr. Koffel was elected as committeeman to the state central committee.

A resolution empowering the chairman and secretary to correspond with and appoint precinct men was passed. Those Present.  
The committee was composed of the following men:  
W. J. Taylor, R. R. Boyd, C. A. Anderson, Theron Ellison, E. C. Fogarty, J. N. Berthoff, Martin Bourgeois, Albin Krasnow, C. J. Cleveland, A. M. Blomrud, E. E. Eid, W. H. Stark, W. E. Lahr, Fred Peterson, John A. Larson, J. F. Brown, R. E. Flannigan, R. J. McFarlick, Lynn Speery, Theodore Koffel and C. A. Swanson and W. E. Sellers was represented by proxy.

Before adjourning the chairman was empowered to appoint a committee of



## Simply Worn Out

How Many Women Are Like This?  
Can anything be more wearing for women than the ceaseless round of household duties? Oh! the monotony of it all—work and drudge; no time to be sick; tired, ailing, yet cannot stop. There comes a time when something "snaps" and they find themselves "simply worn out," and to make matters worse, have contracted serious feminine disorder which almost always follows the constant overtaking of a woman's strength.

Then they should remember that there is no remedy like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—the experience of these two women establishes that fact:

Cedar Rapids, Ia.—"After the birth of my last child I had such painful spells that would build me entirely for my housework. I suffered for months and the doctor said that my trouble was organic and that I would have to have an operation. That was an awful thing to me, with a young baby and four other children, so one day I thought of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and how it had helped me years before and I decided to try it again. I took five bottles of Vegetable Compound and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and since then I have been a well woman, able to take care of my house and family without any trouble or a day's pain. I am ready and thankful to swear by your medicine any time. I am forty-four years old and have not had any illness of any kind for three years."  
—Mrs. H. Kowke, 617 Ellis Blvd., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Sandusky, Ohio.—"After the birth of my baby I had organic trouble. My doctor said it was caused by too heavy lifting and I would have to have an operation. I would not consent to an operation and let it go for over a year, having my sister do my work for me as I was not able to walk. One day my aunt came to see me and told me about your medicine and I cured her of the same thing. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and they have cured me. Now I do my own housework, washing and ironing and sewing for my family and also do sewing for other people. I still take a bottle of Vegetable Compound every spring for tonic. I recommend your medicine to others who have troubles similar to mine and you can use my letter if you wish."  
—Mrs. PAUL PAPER, 1325 Stone St., Sandusky, Ohio.

All Worn Out Women Should Take

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

five for executive purposes.  
The resolution adopted by the 21 follows:

"We, the Republican County Central Committee of Burleigh County, North Dakota, in meeting assembled, renew and reaffirm our belief in and support of the principles of the Republican party as set forth in its national platform, and expounded by such leaders as Lincoln, Garfield, McKinley and Roosevelt, and solemnly pledge our undivided support to the Republican party. We particularly commend the Republican platform of 1920 adopted at the Chicago convention, and pledge our undivided support to those magnificent leaders, Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge, who on the part of the party to lead the Republican fight in the present campaign; and with such candidates standing four-square upon the platform, the issue leads to us who believe in safeguarding, protecting and preserving our Americanism but one choice and that is to support the Republican party; and most emphatically affirm our belief in, and endorsement of, the reform and its institutions of our government and nation, our abiding faith and continued belief in our self-controlled representative democracy. A government of laws, not of men. And in the words of Senator Harding, call it the selfishness of nationality if you will, I think it an inspiration to patriotic devotion."

To safeguard America first.  
To stabilize America first.  
To prosper America first.  
To think America first.  
To exalt America first.

To live for and revere America first.  
We may do more than prove examples to the world of enduring representative democracy where the constitution and its liberties are unshakable. We may go on securely to the destined fulfillment and make a strong and generous contribution to human progress, for example, generous in contribution, helpful in all suffering and fearless in all conflict.

"Let the internationalist dream and the bolshevist destroy. God pity him for whom he himself raptures swell in the spirit of the republic we proclaim Americanism and acclaim America."

We demand an honest, efficient, economical business administration of the country's affairs, including nation, state and county; and demand a reduction of the excessive war taxes, particularly those which kill initiative and retard progress; and that in the new adjustment between labor and capital, the third side of the triangle the public will be considered and protected; that law and order shall prevail everywhere. We denounce

without hesitation or reservation, the National Administration of the Democratic party; the autocratic attempt of the president to force upon this nation the un-American covenant in the Treaty of Peace; the assumption of unconstitutional powers; the failure of the administration to safeguard the public from the unscrupulous powers of the profiteers; the failure of the government to exercise its war powers in the reduction of the high cost of living, and particularly relating to the failure in securing the Cuban sugar crop for the American people; the sale of 22,000,000 pounds of sugar to the French at two cents a pound, rather than bring it back to America, because it might disturb business conditions; the president's unjust veto of the Budget bill which would have saved billions of dollars to the taxpayers of this country and which permits the present government to continue their unwholesome and wasteful; also the president's veto of the Warrent Power Bill, which would have saved millions of tons of coal for the nation and given untold power and energy for use in the industries of the nation. We further condemn the present state administration for its riotous waste, and use of money; the excessive increase of taxation, particularly on farm property and the lowering rate on corporate and railway interests. We condemn the attempt to kill initiative and private enterprise by the socialization of state industries. We condemn the un-American and Socialistic laws, measures and attempts, which are too numerous to enumerate in any proper space, forced upon the people of the state by means and misrepresentations, and the exercise of dictatorial powers on the part of the socialistic leaders in control of the Nonpartisan league; and we particularly condemn the laws which have been enacted, impeding the future of our school system, by placing it under political influences and the control of teachers of socialistic tendencies, and removing the safeguard from the funds donated by congress in trust for the education of our children for all time.

"We warn the people of the state that the laws heretofore enacted are but the beginning of the execution of the autocratic and confiscatory program advocated in part by visionaries and theorists, but more particularly by political adventurers on the part of the establishment and maintain an authority, and to deprive the people of the security which the constitution affords to their lives and liberty, and their rights to acquire and enjoy the fruits of their own labor and thrift; and recommend that every citizen of Burleigh County give the Republicans their united support."

## Many a Pretty Face Spoiled by Pimples

Unlucky Disfigurements Tell of Impure Blood.

Don't close your eyes to the warning which nature gives, when unsightly pimples appear on your face and other parts of the body. If you are afflicted with any form of skin disease do not expect to be cured by lotions, ointments, salves and other local remedies, as they can not possibly reach the source of the trouble, which is in the blood. Begin taking S. S. S. today, and write a complete history of your case to our chief medical adviser who will give you special instructions, with the charge. Write at once to Swift Specific Co., Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.



## CITY NEWS

**Former Resident Ill**  
Mrs. George Alker, formerly of Bismarck and now a resident of Minot, was taken suddenly ill Monday and operated on for appendicitis Monday night. Her condition is reported to be very favorable.

**Visitors at Nupen Home**  
Mrs. C. A. Rose and children of Webster S. J., and Mrs. J. W. Jongeward and child of Litchville, are visiting their brother, C. B. Nupen. R. M. Nupen, of Steele, is also visiting C. B. Nupen, who is his son.

**Leaves for Indianapolis**  
Capt. F. D. Graham, formerly first lieutenant of company A, First North Dakota, and captain of company F, 38th U. S. Infantry, during the war, leaves today for Indianapolis, Ind., to accept a position with the India International Rubber company, manufacturers. Capt. Graham served with the First North Dakota on the Mexican border. During the war many of the men under his command came from Indiana, and he expects to meet many of them at his new home.

**Hospital News**  
Among the patients discharged recently from the Bismarck Hospital were: Mrs. G. R. Wiseman of Regent, Cecil Williams, of Brisbane, and Mrs. Edward Knapp of Oakes. Winifred, Ethel, and Milton, Mandigo, three children of W. W. Mandigo of Braddock, have entered the hospital.

Patients entering St. Alexius hospital during the last 24 hours were: Miss Rose Leingang of St. Anthony,

**Yes!**  
**HAPPY MOTHER**  
is certainly to be  
**CONGRATULATED**



**BECAUSE**  
**MOTHER'S FRIEND**

Preserved her strength and made motherhood easier. Used externally.

At all Druggists.

Special Booklet on Motherhood and Baby Free

Readfield Regulator Co. Dept. F-17, Atlanta, Ga.

**Blueberries!**  
Blueberries! Blueberries!

Mrs. Careful Housewife, reduce your high cost of Blueberries by purchasing them direct. We are the largest operators in blueberries in U. S. and ship fresh packed berries every day during the season, direct to consumer, by express, eliminating all middle profits.

Blueberries are the only fruit in the market that does not require sugar, neither do they shrink when canning. Sixteen quarts of berries make sixteen quarts of canned fruit. Season will be short and crop will be light, so order quick and be disappointed. Quality this season best on record. Price \$4.75 per full 16 quart case, f. o. b. Needah. Cash with order. We do not ship by parcel post. Order a few cases today of the finest fruit on the market.

Address all orders to

L. G. WILLIAMS CO.  
Needah, Wis.

## CAPITAL LAUNDRY CO.

311 Front St. Phone 684

### What a Young Bride Learned About the Washday Problem

This is a true story about laundry service, and a bride. It was just a year ago that this young wife set up housekeeping. What to do with the family washing was one of her first problems. Many of her neighbors, she observed, did their washing at home—so, she followed their example. And she applied to her housekeeping, also, the budget system for family expenditures she had learned at school. At the end of a year she summed up the bills for starch, soap, fuel, electric current, and other incidentals, added in her own time at 25 cents an hour—about half what a laundress would have charged—and discovered that it had cost her \$188 in money alone to do her washing at home. The next day she invited us to call for her family bundle—the testimony of her budget book couldn't be disputed—it proved the false economy of home washday methods. And a majority of the other thinking housewives in this young woman's neighborhood—the women who have stopped to reckon the REAL cost of washday at home—have joined her in entrusting their family washings to us. May we introduce you to this family laundry service that so nicely combines efficiency with economy? Remember our Dry Cleaning Department. All work done under our guarantee. Phone us today.



## IN SEARCH OF COMFORT OR FASHION OR BOTH—WEAR A SMOCK, SAYS ANITA STEWART



Anita Stewart and a FEW of her smocks.

Miss Emma Kirschenmann, of New Leipzig; Mrs. Frank Meuchel, of Johnson; Mrs. D. J. Webster, of Hazen; Miss Dorothy Widfang of Sterling; Edward Hennel, of Egin; Miss Gertrude Huizenda, of Pollock; S. D. Miss Magdalena Walter, 508 Twelfth St., Bismarck and Frank Boehren and baby girl of Sweetbriar.

Patients discharged during the same period were: Mrs. C. Clarke and baby boy of Sterling; Nick Uelnacht of Beach; Mrs. C. J. Becker of Price, and Mrs. Albert Dascher of Hannover.

## BRYAN ASKED TO HEAD DRY PARTY IN CAMPAIGN

Lincoln, Neb., July 22.—The Prohibition party, meeting here in convention today, sent word to William Jennings Bryan, asking him to say whether he would accept their nomination for president or not.

The convention went ahead making plans for a demonstration and general opinion seemed to be that Bryan would accept the nomination. The platform committee met with the convention last night and presented a tentative report. The committee went back into executive session to complete drafting of a platform, which will meet the entire approval of Mr. Bryan.

Chief among the planks are ones dealing the League of Nations, profiteering and the enforcement act. Bryan was nominated by acclamation yesterday afternoon, but his brother who represented him at the convention asserts that he will not accept the nomination. Miss Maria Brehm of California made the nomination.

## EQUALIZATION BOARD ADJOURNS

The equalization board of Burleigh county met here July 19, 20 and 21. The board adjourned last night until August 3, the date of the regular meeting.

Few complaints were brought before the board at this meeting. It was said the decisions will not be known for a few days. The evaluation of horses and cattle came up before the board at this meeting. For the present the value of cattle was set about approximately \$15 a head. This figure may be changed at the next meeting in August.

**Notice to Coal Dealers**  
Bids are requested to furnish 1000 tons, more or less, best screened lump lignite coal delivered as required in the bins of the several city

**BY CORA MOORE,**  
New York's Fashion Authority

New York, July 22.—Smocks—everybody knows they are the last word in hot weather comfort. Besides, they are one of the last words in fashion nowadays, too.

But it takes Anita Stewart to top the list of smock enthusiasts. For variety of materials and unique designs, she can scarcely have competition.

**Georgette and Linen**

There are smocks of georgette crepe, crepe de chine, of tricotee, of linen, may more, of satin and some of velvet in anticipation of colder days. They may be adorned with fanciful decorations such as the one Anita Stewart wears in the upper

right hand corner of the illustration.

Peacock embroidery in gay colors covers the front of this georgette smock. Beside it is a more durable creation of creamy tan linen with deep cuffs collar and belt edged in blue embroidery. Circular pockets are the background for odd tropical birds of brightest blue with rose crests.

**Basket of Flowers**

Or the smock may be of severe plainness, such as that at the left, below. Of Nile green georgette, its only trimming is a silver beaded edging around the neck and bottom of the smock. At the right is one of crepe de chine on the front panel of which is embroidered in gay silks a flower basket filled with bright blossoms.

**BY C. E. JOHNSON**  
By C. E. Johnson

Milton, Ala., July 22.—After a terrific sea battle lasting five and one-half hours what is believed to be the second largest devil-fish ever taken from the ocean was killed here by a party of fishermen headed by W. B. Harbeson, president of a large lumber company.

The fish was 19 feet across the back. The largest of record was 22 feet. Harbeson's monster weighed 3,000 pounds. Harbeson sighted the beast late one afternoon while sailing the Gulf of Mexico in a light fishing boat. He drove home a harpoon, but after a 35-minute fight the devil-fish broke away carrying his tackle.

The following day, armed with the heaviest harpoons and lines, Harbeson, his two sons, Walter and William, and four friends, embarked again to find the monster.

**Sighted Devil-Fish**

That day most of the next he searched. Finally he sighted his quarry.

Driving the boat alongside, his son leaped to the back of the brute and drove the pointed harpoon deep into the flesh.

Then began a battle royal.

The blood gushing from the devil-fish's wound stained the water. The sporting stream by which the big cephalopod propel themselves was a red gyser.

The devil fish, tore through the water and headed for the outer sea carrying the little boat and its passengers so rapidly that foam dashed at the bows.

Sharks were attracted by the blood and followed the boat.

Realizing the peril from sharks, yet unwilling to give up the devil-fish Harbeson lashed two life preservers to the grass rope holding the harpoon cut the rope and then turned back to take his son from the water.

Hampered by the weight of the dragging life preservers, the devil fish slowed its course and the boat overhauled it.

**Changes Again**

Once, however, the octopus felt the boat behind it again, it doubled its efforts to escape and with the occupants clinging to the gunwales, the little vessel headed once more for the open sea.

Four miles from land the devil-fish suddenly changed tactics, rounded and when it came again to the surface headed with top speed back to Milton Bay.

To the surprise of the fishermen the monster made for shallow water and literally dashed itself on the sand. The blood from the jagged harpoon gash and the exhaustion of the long race for the made it easy to kill on the beach.

Harbeson added Harbeson, heads of the monster were Henry, Wesley of D. Funtack Springs, W. E. King, Ted Muller and Larut J. A. Whitted, all of Bismarck.

USE TRIBUNE WANT ADS

The daintiness of the "little things" makes or mars your costume



Have them always exquisite

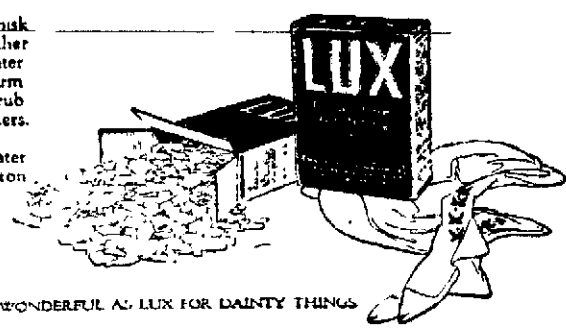
A COLLAR not quite crisp? Spats just a wee bit grumpy? And all the chic has gone out of your costume? But a sweetly fresh gilet and your very oldest frock is redeemed!

At the first faint suspicion you toss the dear things into delicate Lux suds. They emerge spotless and adorable.

No rubbing soap in and then scrubbing it out again! Just the gentle cleansing with pure Lux suds that gossamer fabrics demand. Your grocer, druggist, or department store has Lux. Lever Bros. Co., Cambridge Mass.

To wash the wonderful Lux way

Colored and silk fabrics—Whisk table-spoonsful of Lux to lather in half bowlful of hot water. Add cold water till lukewarm. Squeeze sudsthrough, do not rub. Rinse in three lukewarm waters. Press with warm iron. White fabrics—Use hot water. Dry in sun. Press with hot iron.



NO CUIDE SO WONDERFUL AS LUX FOR DAINTY THINGS

Copyright 1920, by Lever Bros. Co.

## BILL HART'S WESTERN PICTURE "SAND" HAS FINE HUMAN APPEAL

Quality of Heart Interest is Prominent in Big Screen Story of the West

The quality of human interest, the thing which reaches into the innermost depths of the spectator's soul and grips the heart strings, is prominent in "Sand," a new Paramount Aircraft picture produced by and starring William S. Hart, which is being presented at the Eltinge theatre tomorrow.

"Sand" has a double meaning. The story is laid in the land where the desert sands come up to meet the sea. It is the story, moreover, of a man's life.

Lambert Hillier wrote the scenario and also directed. The original story was by Russell A. Hoggan and was called "Dan Kurrie's Innings" but Mr. Hillier and Mr. Hart, with the big cast, have given it life, vitalized it, made it a thing to remember and to enjoy.

How Dan Kurrie, misunderstood, almost loses the girl he loves and whose love he seeks to assuage in his love for his Pinto Pony, how he outwits a villain, saves a treasure train and does numberless feats of daring in achieving the ends of justice and retrieving his own happiness, make an enthralling drama that is typically Hartesque.

Mary Thurman is the leading woman and her beauty and acting are alike a revelation.

FOR SALE Good fresh milk cow and heifer. 822 East Main street or phone 538X. 7-22-1920

## STATE FIRE LOSS EXCEEDS BILLION DOLLARS IN YEAR

According to the report of the state fire marshal made public today the fire losses in North Dakota amounted to \$1,688,908.91 during the past year.

The value of the buildings damaged by fire amounted to \$4,618,342, and the value of their contents, excluded \$3,900,000. A total of \$8,500,000 insurance was carried on the damaged property.

The marshal urged that particular attention be paid to fire prevention at this time, as was done during the war. The state conservation and fire prevention association, with headquarters at Fargo stands ready at all times to assist in and furnish information on fire prevention, he said.



It's Well to See That You See Well

Don't trifle with impaired vision. At the first sign of eyestrain, headaches, nervousness or vertigo, have your eyes examined. Even if you have the slightest suspicion that your vision is not 100 percent correct let us examine your eyes at once. We'll charge you nothing for the examination. We'll supply the proper corrective lens, if you require them.

We have a complete modern edging plant and are equipped to duplicate any lense you may have on very short notice.

We deliver your glasses to you the same day they are fit.

Folsom Jewelry Store



## THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Entered at the Postoffice, Bismarck, N. D., as Second Class Matter.

GEORGE D. MANN Editor

Foreign Representatives  
G. LOGAN PAYNE COMPANY  
CHICAGO  
Marquette Bldg.  
NEW YORK  
PAYNE, BURNS AND SMITH  
Fifth Ave. Bldg.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of publication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION  
SUBSCRIPTION RATES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE  
Daily by carrier, per year.....\$7.20  
Daily by mail, per year (in Bismarck).....7.20  
Daily by mail, per year (in state outside Bismarck).....5.00  
Daily by mail, outside of North Dakota.....6.00

THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER  
(Established 1878)

## MONEY IN THE BANK

That there has been a decrease in buying is true. But there has been no dwindling in buying power. The money has been going into the bank!

There were (July 1) 20,380,350 depositors in U. S. national banks, the greatest number ever reported. That's real prosperity for you! More than one of every five Americans, men, women, children, have savings piling up in national banks. Add to this imposing roll all those millions depositing their savings in state banks, savings banks, building and loan associations, and you have something to boast of.

This means that the thrift advice has been accepted for all it is worth. No other path leads away from the road of ruin. Strengthening the buying power, by increasing production and decreased spending, insures a continuation of prosperity.

Even if Germany hasn't a navy she still has her schooners.

## MEETING THE DEMAND

The downward trend of prices is encouraging to the small purse, pleasing to the man who feels he ought to get 100 cents for his dollar. Even former extravagant buyers are glad their spree of spending is over.

But there is fear that the pendulum may swing to the opposite extreme, fully as bad for the public as reckless spending. This would, of course, end in huge over-production, unemployment, panic, bankruptcy, and the bread line. The thing to do, as the Journal of Commerce, New York, points out, is—

"The demand of the public should be promptly met with moderate reduction of price levels and encouragement be given to buy, but to buy normally and steadily and with judgment."

Re-enactment of the law of supply and demand is needed—badly! Prices of the recent past have been figured on the visible supply and joy-riding demand. That the nation is by this period is evidenced by the widespread price cutting movements in retail trade. Wearing apparel rapidly is getting down to the real supply and normal demand basis. Ending the car shortage will bring food and fuel to the same basis. What already has been done in house building spells the finish in rent gouging and feverish speculation in dwellings.

All in all, it looks as though the profiteer has had his day.

Caskets are about the only thing that continue going down.

## CAR LOADING

Car loading figures compiled by the commission on car service of the American Railroad association show large increases over last year, in spite of outlay strikes.

For 12 weeks from March 21 to June 12, reports show 8,264,485 cars of revenue freight loaded, as compared with 7,708,927 for the corresponding period by the same railroads in 1919.

One of the leading factors in shortages of food, fuel and building materials has been the much abused "car shortage." Because there weren't cars at the mine, coal could not be hauled. Lack of cars kept food locked up in storage houses, on farms and in elevators. Building materials could not be transported because there were no cars.

The results: Scarcity of food in the large consuming centers; insufficient fuel for homes and factories; and an abnormal drop in house building, which will continue the house shortage and high rent difficulties through another winter.

The answer, shippers and railroad men insisted, was "more cars."

But there was another answer. It was: Load and unload cars faster; keep 'em moving.

The latter answer, being the one more quickly put into execution, is the winning one. Cars are being held up at either end as long as they were. The shipper gets his output into the car and away as quickly as possible. The consignee unloads without unnecessary delay. By doing this they virtually build more cars over night.

If "Teddy" could only see the name of Roosevelt on the Democratic ticket!

With both "bucks" bucking within her border the Buckeye state can't pass the buck

Mexico is on the verge of another revolution. They should at least give Uncle Sam time enough to recognize the present occupants.

## CHINA TALKS PEACE

Representatives of the South China rebels have gone to Shanghai to discuss possible terms of peace with the North China government. The problem facing the Shanghai conference is the familiar one to America of state rights versus federal sovereignty.

China's civil war, in its essential meaning, is similar to the American Civil War. The Pekin government wants to exercise complete control over the great provinces of China, especially in financial matters. The provincial governors of the south have always been semi-independent in the management of local affairs. They refuse to recognize Pekin's federalizing ambition.

The insurgent troops have been unable to march on Pekin. They have driven the main northern army, however, from southern territory. The southern delegates at Shanghai have considerable military prestige to their credit, but their army hasn't won the war. Nobody has done that and nobody is likely to.

It is necessary, therefore, that a compromise result be reached. The best interests of China demand it.

The model of the American commonwealth should be well studied by the Shanghai delegates. The federal and state systems of government, existing one within the other, form America's unique contribution to the science of free government. Great Britain is studying federalism for adoption, and the new German republic has accepted the federal principle. China's self-interest requires the establishment of federal home rule for her provinces, too.

Not by years but by disposition is wisdom acquired.—Plautus.

A forgotten powder puff or a stray hair pin has given the divorce courts much to do.

The most significant thing about the London-derry roiling is the revealed need of target practice.

It is getting so that the length of a skirt doesn't signify any more than the degree of the wearer's nerve.

Train service is rapidly getting back to the pre-war standard. At any rate they are using the same old cars.

## EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinions of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

## THE WILSON-COX INTERVIEW

Governor Cox, Democratic candidate for the place now held by Woodrow Wilson, has had his interview with the president.

Concerning the meeting, the result of which was awaited with the keenest interest throughout the land, the president formally states in part:

"I found what I indeed already knew and what Governor Cox has let the whole world know in his speeches, that he and I were absolutely at one with regard to the great issue of the League of Nations, and that he is ready to be the champion in every respect of the honor of the nation and the secure peace of the world."

To be "absolutely at one" with the president on the League of Nations, when taken in the light of the unswerving attitude of Mr. Wilson for a full year, can mean only that Governor Cox, if elected to the presidency, will seek with all his power to carry out the Wilson wish and will regarding the covenant which the United States Senate rejected. It can mean only that the Democratic candidate stands for Article 10, "the heart of the covenant," and will be as ardent as Mr. Wilson has been in insisting that the Senate swallow that article with the rest of the covenant.

But mark the closing words of the brief statement issued by Governor Cox following the interview:

"What he (President Wilson) promised I shall, if elected, endeavor with all my strength to give."

That would seem to be about as strong as language could put it that Governor Cox will submerge whatever dissenting views he may have regarding the covenant of nations and will do his utmost to write the Wilson will into the Peace Treaty. If this be a wrong construction, the Democratic candidate presumably will make known the fact of the error, but meantime he seems to have given blanket affirmative to various singularly pertinent queries put to him by Senator Harding.

The Republican candidate asks his rival with the utmost fairness to state categorically if he is for Article 10; for an American mandate over Armenia; for a yielding to Mr. Wilson as the undisputed master of ceremonies of the campaign; for the Wilson formula regarding settlement of the Adriatic controversy; for the proposal that Thrace should go to Bulgaria instead of to Greece; for an unqualified acceptance of the league, and for the huge army and navy which, in the judgment of Senator Harding, would be required by this country if it were tied up by the commitments that President Wilson has insisted shall be unwritten.

As Mr. Harding says, the American people wish to have these questions answered in plain, unmistakable English. They have a right to know so that they may decide understandingly whether they prefer to stand with Governor Cox and vote for him, or whether they elect to take the other side of the line and support the Republican candidate—Minneapolis Tribune.



Held in The National Republican "The voice is Jacob's voice, but the hand is the hand of Esau."

## GRAVE ISSUES TO BE SETTLED IN FALL CAMPAIGN, SAYS LODGE

Senator, Notifying Harding of Nomination, Tells Him That No Campaign Was Ever More Serious—Cites Internationalism of Wilson Administration and Mexican Problem

## CONFIDENCE IN HARDING

Marion, O. July 22.—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, speaking for the notification committee, formally notifying Senator Warren G. Harding of his nomination by the Republicans for the presidency, told Senator Harding in his speech that never before were graver issues to be settled in a campaign. Senator Lodge's speech in part was as follows:

Senator Harding: We are assembled here as a committee representing the states, territories and possessions of the United States to make to you formal announcement of your nomination for the office of president of the republic on June 12th last, at Chicago, by the Republican National convention.

We await this declaration untold by any doubts and with the most entire confidence. All who are familiar with your character and career and most especially those who have taken part with you in public service know beyond a peradventure that you are a patriotic American, imbued with the spirit of the great leaders of the past, of Washington, Lincoln and Roosevelt, whose services to the American people have become forever memorable in our history.

You will, we are certain, be ever faithful to the finest traditions of the Republican party and at the same time, we are equally sure that you are wisely tolerant and open-minded, in sympathy with the best movements of the time, looking forward to the future and its needs. You have abundantly shown your unwavering conviction that the government of the United States should be one of laws and not of men and that the three branches of that government should all work together for the common purpose of advancing the welfare of the people. The makers of the Constitution intended to coordinate the three great elements of government and strove to guard against other usurpation or trespass by one branch at the expense of the other two.

Domestic Problems. Domestic and economic questions of extreme complexity and difficulty must be dealt with at once in such a way as to meet the needs of the time. We shall not attempt to discuss these questions in any detail because we know that you will declare your politics in regard to them in accordance not only with the lifelong principles of the Republican party but also with the opinions recently declared by the Republican Convention at Chicago. Our immediate duty of all Republicans and all true Americans who are thinking of the problems and perils of the present and of the future is to give you such complete support that when you take up the duties of the office for which you have been nominated, you will find a House and Senate in full sympathy with your purposes and ready to aid you in every way.

Mexican Question. At our own doors we have Mexico in a state of disorder and disintegration in which our government has happily not only contributed but has also maintained the supremacy of the right in the American Hemisphere of the

Monroe doctrine, which was declared in order to guard the safety of the United States and save the New World from the wars and misadventures of the Old. We justly demand abstention of Europe from any interference with American questions, but this doctrine of ours brings with it not only its benefits but its duties. The condition of Mexico, owing in large measure to the shortcomings of our government, could not well be worse. We not only owe it to ourselves to protect there, as all over the world, American rights and interests so long neglected, but to reach out a helping hand to the Mexican people to the end that law and order may be established in that country which has been plunged into anarchy and cursed with continuous civil war. It is of the highest importance to the United States that Mexico should be both prosperous and peaceful.

Defense of Freedom. In defense of freedom and civilization and to vindicate our own invaded rights we entered upon the war with Germany and although we were tardy in taking part in that great conflict we came upon the field of action in time to turn the scale for right and liberty. Not content to bring the peace which all desired after victory was won, Mr. Wilson undertook to make us members of an alliance with foreign powers indefinite in extent and containing provisions which threatened the independence, sovereignty and safety of the United States. This effort on the part of the president was arrested by the action of the Republicans of the Senate. We know that you were in full accord with the belief of your Republican colleagues

that the League of Nations as proposed by Mr. Wilson and upon which he and his party still insist ought never to be accepted by the American people. We have been and are quite ready to join in agreement with other nations, for the extension of the Hague Conventions; for the upbuilding and edification of international law and the establishment of a world court of justice; for international conferences in regard to non-justifiable questions, and for arrangements to bring about a general reduction of armaments. But when we are called upon to become an integral part of a permanent alliance of foreign powers, to put ourselves in a position where the youth of the country can be summoned by foreign nations to fight and die in quarrels not their own, to permit foreign interference with our domestic questions and with the Monroe Doctrine, and to sit in an assembly where our vote is not the equal of that of every other country, we absolutely decline the proposition. We stand for the policies of Washington and the doctrine of Monroe and against the internationalism and permanent alliance with foreign nations proposed by the president. If the world needs us as they needed us in 1917 we shall not fail in our duty, but we can help other nations far better if we are free and untrammelled. Such has been the policy of the Republican party as represented in the Senate and such its policy will remain.

A Heavy Burden. No national campaign for the presidency has ever involved graver issues than this one. Upon you, sir, will rest the great duty and heavy burden of executive authority. We look to you in full confidence to lead us and the people of our beloved country out from the darkness and confusion which the war has brought upon mankind into the light which shines upon a nation where peace reigns and the love of justice, of law and of order rules in the hearts of the people. Then we can

## EVERETT TRUE

By Condo



again take up the work of advancing the United States along the broad road that leads to success. Then indeed we shall not only rise to still loftier heights of achievement for ourselves but be enabled to render the largest and finest service to humanity.

## HOW MUCH BUSINESS WOULD DEPEND ON FAITH AND CONFIDENCE

DEPENDS ON FAITH AND CONFIDENCE.—The entire social, religious, industrial, commercial and business world is built upon confidence. It is the keystone of the arch, and when that is threatened or lost the entire structure totters, perhaps falls.

In the customary affairs of daily life we live and move on confidence. We are confident that the motorman or the taxi driver will do his duty; confident that the policeman on the corner will protect us; confident that nobody will fall or hurl something out of a 10th-story window upon us. We have faith in others, and without that faith we could not perform our daily tasks. In the religious world the whole structure is faith—faith in the promises given us, faith in our fellow men—and faith is confidence.

In the industrial world the employee has confidence in his fellow employees; the employer has confidence in his superintendents and workmen, and workmen begin their day's work with confidence that their safety is assured and that the engineer and fireman are "on the job."

In the commercial world all business is built on confidence. Credit is confidence; business could not be transacted without confidence in the integrity of others. Experience shows that a very large percentage of the men and women in the business world can be trusted. We always hear of the one who goes wrong, but do not give passing thought to the thousands who go right.

When we view the gigantic structure we call business, with its intricate machinery, its delicate parts, its nice adjustments and its army of employees, we suddenly realize what a tremendous part confidence plays. The machine would stop, business would cease, if confidence fled.

## SPREADING GOSPEL IN CHINA

How Missionaries Secured Confidence of the People by Aiding the Silk Industry.

A novel means of spreading the gospel was employed in south China, where an association has been formed for the improvement of the silk industry. The first aim of the association is to rid the country of diseased silkworms—a serious undertaking. The Chinese are naturally suspicious of being duped, and are wary of new methods. This is where the missionary's chance comes in, for the Chinese know the church is there for no other reason than to help them. Accordingly the missionary pastor posts advertisements of the new method, and Rev. E. C. Howe writes that recently he made a trip, carrying with him 120,000 silkworm eggs which had been microscopically examined, and found that he could create an interest in following instructions, where business men could not get a hearing. Those who bought the healthy eggs were so elated over the results that immediate requests came in to the association for more—what the society desired, but could not bring about.

## How a Whale Breathes

An eminent naturalist says concerning the breathing apparatus of the whale: "The windpipe does not communicate with the mouth; a hole is, as it were, bored right through the back of the head. Engineers would do well to copy the action of the valve of the whale's blow hole; a more perfect piece of apparatus is impossible to imagine. Day and night, asleep or awake, the whale works its breathing apparatus in such a manner that not a drop of water ever gets down into the lungs. Again, the whale must of necessity stay a much longer period under water than seals; this alone might possibly drown it, inasmuch as the lungs cannot have access to fresh air. We find that this difficulty has been anticipated and obviated by a peculiar reservoir in the venous system, which reservoir is situated at the back of the lungs."—Los Angeles Times.

## How to Utilize Wood Waste

The utilization of wood waste is one way recommended to cut down the high cost of living. Here are some articles made from sawdust and shingle waste which the New York College of Forestry is exhibiting in its efforts to show how the waste of the sawmill can be utilized to cheapen the cost of living: "Silk" socks, sausage casings, phonograph records, paper milk bottles and tanbark shingles. The "silk" looks like silk and feels like silk, but is much cheaper than silk. The sausage casings are made by treating the wood with chemicals that turn it into viscose, and rolling this into thin films.

## How Spider Builds Home

In the West Indies there is a species called the "trap-door" spider. It constructs its home with human ingenuity. It digs a straight hole in the ground and builds a door over the top. This door is so made that the spider can open and shut it quite easily. It is left open when the tenant is away from home, but when pursued or threatened, the spider retreats to its dwelling and closes the trap-door after it.





# News of Sport World

EVENTS AND GOSSIP FOR THE FANS

## FANS FEATURE LAST GAME IN VALLEY SERIES

They Rooted All the Time, Even When the Team Was Behind Nine Runs

BUT THAT GAME, WELL—

Less Said About It the Better, Except the One Big Inning in the Eighth

It's pretty tough to have to write about that last Valley City game, which the Valley team won 10 to 5. So one might write about the fans. That's easy. A lot of stores closed early so the big game with Valley City could begin at 6 o'clock last evening, and it seemed that everybody took advantage of the opportunity. Many business firms showed spirit by donating cars to give people free rides to the game. The attendance was given at 1,100, the biggest crowd that has seen a game this year.

The fans had the old pep. From the very start of the game they were behind the team, rooting hard. And they were behind the team when it was 9 runs behind. Perhaps the faith brought results, because Bismarck's club rallied in the eighth and nearly drove Adams to cover, scoring 5 runs.

One Big Inning  
"Lefty" Needham pitched a good game for Bismarck, but it was booted away. Nearly all of the hits of the Valley City men that counted in the scoring of games after men were on bases by way of errors. The errors were not only those that appear in the box score they were errors of omission due to failure to take advantage of the situation or play the batter.

The Valley City pitcher, Adams, was invincible until the sixth inning when Northland's drive started things. After Bismarck had made six runs, the Valley team stalled for time, hoping coming darkness would enable Adams to pull out of the hole. Needham finished up the game by striking out three men in the ninth inning.

Mandan is scheduled to play here Sunday. The score:

Valley City	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Valley City	6	1	1	1	0	0
Roberts, cf	4	1	0	1	0	1
Hurley, ss	5	0	0	0	1	3
Brown, 2b	3	1	3	2	0	1
Seibert, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Frankenhoff, 1b	3	1	0	1	2	0
Anderson, c	4	0	1	3	2	0
Northland, lf	3	1	1	0	2	0
Needham, p	4	0	0	5	6	0
Elder, 3b	4	1	0	1	0	4

By Inning

Valley City	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Valley City	221	121	10	100	990	60
Bismarck	221	5	6	100	990	60

Summary—Earned runs Valley City 1, Bismarck 2. Bases on balls off Adams 5, Needham 2, left on bases Valley City 3, Bismarck 5, first base on errors Valley City 1; Bismarck 2; two base hits Winfield, Seibert, Northland; passed ball Anderson, hit by pitcher Conway, Adams; stolen bases Winfield 2, Sterling 2, Conway, Seibert, Frankenhoff 2, Umpires: Lourek and Cayou. Time 2:15. Attendance 1,100. Score by official score re

## WESTERN LEAGUE CHART UNCHANGED

Omaha, Neb., July 22—The Western League will not extend its 1920 season by adding fourteen games to

### QUIT TOBACCO

So Easy to Drop Cigarette, Cigar, or Chewing Habit

No-To-Bac has helped thousands to break the costly, nerve-shattering tobacco habit. Whenever you have a longing for a smoke or chew, just place a harmless No-To-Bac tablet in your mouth instead. All desire stops. Shortly the habit is completely broken, and you are better off mentally, physically, financially. It's so easy, so simple. Get a box of No-To-Bac, and if it doesn't release you from all craving for tobacco in any form, your druggist will refund your money without question. No-To-Bac is made by the owners of Cascares; therefore is thoroughly reliable.

### THE O-K GARAGE

202 4th Street Opposite G. P. Hotel

Service Station for HUDSON, ESSEX, HUPMOBILE and CHEVROLET CARS

We repair all makes

CHEVROLET CARS AND PARTS FOR SALE

Telephone 951 for quick service

OLSON & KINMAN

## SCHOOLGIRL BEAUTIES WIN CAPITAL BEACH HONORS



Washington, D. C., July 22—These 15-year-old Washington school girls walked away with the municipal bathing beach honors. They are holding the cups given them in the city beach costume and beauty contests.

Miss Elizabeth Roach (left) wore the most beautiful bathing costume the one she is wearing in the photograph and Miss Edith M. Williams (right) possessed the greatest physical beauty, according to the judges. Seymour Stone, the noted artist, was one of the judges.

## STANTON TAKES UNDERWOOD GAME

Underwood, N. D., July 22—Stanton won from Underwood, 9 to 1, in a free hitting game. Rip-senke was hit hard and was relieved by Tauer in the last three innings. Score: Stanton 9, Underwood 1.

## CHEER ARRIVAL OF CARPENTIER

Paris, July 22—Georges Carpentier, the European heavy weight champion, was given a rousing reception. Such is usually accorded popular royalty, and he has enjoyed the happiest memories of them and their "wonderful country."

## CANADA NAMES OLYMPIC TEAM

Montreal, July 22—The track and field team to represent Canada in the Olympic games at Antwerp was announced here today. Selections were made from contestants in the meet held here yesterday by the Montreal Amateur Athletic association. The athletes chosen and the events in which they will take part follow:

## TENNIS CHAMPS OF NORTHWEST TO GET TRIP

All Expenses Will be Paid for Doubles Champions in Minneapolis Tournament

(Special to the Tribune)

Minneapolis, July 22—The doubles champions, in the Northwestern tournament, now being played off at the University of Minnesota, will make the trip to the national doubles tournament at the Longwood Tennis Club with all their expenses paid.

## BASEBALL

### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Team	W	L	Pct
St. Paul	45	27	.621
Minneapolis	43	29	.598
Toledo	42	30	.583
Indianapolis	41	31	.569
Louisville	40	32	.558
Milwaukee	39	33	.543
Columbus	38	34	.527
Kansas City	36	36	.500

## BATTLE 5 INNINGS DUE TO MISTAKE

Williston, N. D., July 22. Epping met and defeated the fast Williston baseball team here by a score of 9 to 1. The game went 11 innings. Epping had the contest won at the end of the ninth inning, but owing to a mistake by the score keeper the game went an extra five innings. Williston, batting over the tying run in the fourteenth inning when it was discovered that Epping had won the game in the ninth.

## BITS OF SPORT

EVERYBODY DOIN' IT  
St. Louis, July 22—Tisn't only boys who run on the bladders now. Too many spectators and not enough seats drive many a man who used to sit in a box to the sun parlors of the ball room here.

MAKE TENNIS MOVIES  
New York, July 22—Movies of lawn tennis champions in action may be taken, says J. H. S. Mott, president of the American Lawn Tennis association. The first picture will be shown for the production of tennis players.

PICKS RUDD  
Pittsburgh, July 22—Ted Meredith former of the Sun picks Rudd the great one who will fly the colors of the Pirates.

BEST IN THE LONG RUN

# DO NOT allow the high praise given Silvertown Cords to make you think they must be expensive. They are best in the long run—cheapest in the end.

# Goodrich Silvertown

America's First CORD TIRE

The Goodrich Adjustment Basis: Silvertown Cords, 8000 Miles; Fabric Tires, 6000 Miles

of South Africa at Antwerp, as the man who will trouble America

SPEED WONDER  
Los Angeles, July 22—Eastern critics have picked Charles Paddock to be the wonder sprinter of the times. He has equaled the world's record. Coaches believe he will heat it.

### NATIONAL LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct
Brooklyn	52	36	.591
Cincinnati	46	38	.549
Pittsburgh	41	39	.513
St. Louis	47	43	.520
New York	44	42	.512
Chicago	43	46	.483
Boston	43	43	.500
Philadelphia	34	48	.413

### AMERICAN LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct
Cleveland	55	29	.657
New York	59	32	.648
Chicago	52	34	.605
St. Louis	42	44	.488
Washington	39	42	.481
Boston	39	44	.470
Pittsburgh	29	53	.351
Philadelphia	25	54	.315

### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Divide Games

Team	W	L	Pct
Kansas City	47	31	.605
Toledo	47	31	.605
Indianapolis	46	32	.592
Louisville	44	34	.564
Milwaukee	43	35	.553
Columbus	42	36	.540
Kansas City	41	37	.524
Philadelphia	38	40	.488

Second game  
Toledo 6, Columbus 5  
Kansas City 6, Louisville 1  
St. Paul 10, 001 00x-2 5 0  
Batteries: Nelson and McNeil, Souder and Bre...

SAINTS DIVIDE GAMES  
St. Paul July 22—St. Paul and Louisville split a doubleheader, the champions winning the first, 2 to 0, and losing the second, 5 to 4. Home runs by Brazil and Haggert scored St. Paul's only runs in the first contest. Score: St. Paul 2, Louisville 5.

First game  
Louisville 6, St. Paul 3  
St. Paul 10, 001 00x-2 5 0  
Batteries: Wright and Meyer, Williams and Hargrave.

Second game  
Louisville 6, St. Paul 3  
St. Paul 10, 001 00x-2 5 0  
Batteries: Tineup and Kocher, Merritt, Browne and Hargrave.

BEATS OLD TEAM MATES  
Minneapolis, July 22—Whitehouse, former Minneapolis pitcher, held his old teammates to six hits and Indianapolis made it three out of four on the series by winning today, 5 to 3, bunching hits off Lowdermilk in the fifth inning.

Score: R H E  
Indianapolis 10 140 000-5 13 6  
Minneapolis 10 200 100 000-3 6 1  
Batteries: Whitehouse and Houtline; Lowdermilk, Hovik and Mayer.

FOUR HITS WIN  
Milwaukee, July 22—Danforth allowed only four hits but Milwaukee won from Columbus, 2 to 0, making a clean sweep of the series.

Score: R H E  
Columbus 0 000 000-0 10 1  
Milwaukee 2 000 00x-2 4 1  
Batteries: Danforth and Hartley, Northrop and Glatson.

NATIONAL LEAGUE  
New York, July 22—New York defeated Cleveland 4 to 3 yesterday, in the first game of a series upon which depends the leadership of the American League. Stays had the Indians lead 3-0 in the sixth when they came unsteadily after Speaker and Gardner hit doubles, and Perkins pinch made a wild throw. Johnston and O'Neill ended the entire combination resulting in three runs. Collins succeeded Mays. Jameson walked hitting the bases, but Collins struck out Chapman, ending the game. Score: R H E  
Cleveland 3 000 000-2 10 1  
New York 4 010 00x-4 10 1  
Batteries: Caldwell and O'Neill, Mays, Collins and Ruel.

PERRY TWIRLS WELL  
Philadelphia, July 22—Perry's fine pitching and Witt's good hitting gave victory to the Philadelphia Athletics, 7 to 2. Score: R H E  
St. Louis 0 000 000-2 5 1  
Philadelphia 7 110 010 13x-7 10 5  
Batteries: Dayne, Sotheron and Severold; Perry and Perkins.

BOSTON BEATS WILLIAMS  
Boston, July 22—Boston defeated Chicago, 2 to 1, in the opening game of the series. Score: R H E  
Chicago 0 000 000-1 6 1  
Boston 2 000 020 00x-2 7 2  
Batteries: Williams and Schalk; Jones and Walters.

AMERICAN LEAGUE  
Twelve Inning Game  
St. Louis, July 22—St. Louis defeated Boston 3 to 2, in twelve innings. Doak scoring from first, with the winning run when Eaves made a wild return on Smith's double to right. Score: R H E  
Boston 1 000 000 001 000-2 8 4  
St. Louis 3 000 100 001 001-3 13 2  
Batteries: Fillingim and O'Neill; Doak and Clemons.

GIANTS POUND FISHER  
Cincinnati, July 22—New York won from Cincinnati yesterday, 5 to 3, hitting Fisher hard in the first and third. Score: R H E  
New York 5 200 000 000-5 8 1  
Cincinnati 3 000 210 000-3 8 2  
Batteries: Toney, Douglas and Smith; Fisher, Sallee and Wingo.

WALKS SCORES ONLY RUN  
Chicago, July 22—Rixey held Chicago to three scattered hits after an unsteady start and Philadelphia defeated the locals 6 to 1, in the first game of the series. Score: R H E  
Philadelphia 6 000 100 050 6 10 1  
Chicago 1 000 000 00x-1 3 2  
Batteries: Rixey and Wheat; Alexander, Carter and Killefer.

PIRATES CHASE MARQUARD  
Pittsburgh, July 22—Pittsburgh de-

struck out Chapman, ending the game. Score: R H E

Marquard was driven from the box in the fifth. Score: R H E  
Brooklyn 100 000 200-3 8 1  
Pittsburgh 100 030 00x-4 11 1  
Batteries: Marquard, Mitchell and Elliott; Ponder and Schmidt.

used TRIBUNE WANT ADS

### Ouch! Such Pain!

It takes you right in the back! Sometimes in the arm, hip or foot. It's all due to an over-abundance of that poison, called uric acid. The kidneys are not able to get rid of it. Such conditions you can readily overcome, and prolong life by taking the advice of Doctor Pierce, which is, "keep the kidneys in good order." Avoid too much meat, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water, preferably hot water, before meals, and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking "Auric." This can be obtained at any drug store, in tablet form.

Boy River, Minn.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's medicines with good results in my family for years. At one time I was taken with La Grippe and it left me run down and with pains in my hips and back. I took different medicines without getting any benefit. At last I sent and got some Auric and took it and am feeling well and doing a good day's work. When I commenced taking the Auric Tablets I could hardly get out of bed, felt as though a knife was sticking in my back."—A. C. BLODGETT.

feated Brooklyn yesterday 4 to 3

Marquard was driven from the box in the fifth. Score: R H E  
Brooklyn 100 000 200-3 8 1  
Pittsburgh 100 030 00x-4 11 1  
Batteries: Marquard, Mitchell and Elliott; Ponder and Schmidt.

used TRIBUNE WANT ADS

### Ouch! Such Pain!

It takes you right in the back! Sometimes in the arm, hip or foot. It's all due to an over-abundance of that poison, called uric acid. The kidneys are not able to get rid of it. Such conditions you can readily overcome, and prolong life by taking the advice of Doctor Pierce, which is, "keep the kidneys in good order." Avoid too much meat, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water, preferably hot water, before meals, and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking "Auric." This can be obtained at any drug store, in tablet form.

Boy River, Minn.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's medicines with good results in my family for years. At one time I was taken with La Grippe and it left me run down and with pains in my hips and back. I took different medicines without getting any benefit. At last I sent and got some Auric and took it and am feeling well and doing a good day's work. When I commenced taking the Auric Tablets I could hardly get out of bed, felt as though a knife was sticking in my back."—A. C. BLODGETT.

feated Brooklyn yesterday 4 to 3  
Marquard was driven from the box in the fifth. Score: R H E  
Brooklyn 100 000 200-3 8 1  
Pittsburgh 100 030 00x-4 11 1  
Batteries: Marquard, Mitchell and Elliott; Ponder and Schmidt.

used TRIBUNE WANT ADS

feated Brooklyn yesterday 4 to 3  
Marquard was driven from the box in the fifth. Score: R H E  
Brooklyn 100 000 200-3 8 1  
Pittsburgh 100 030 00x-4 11 1  
Batteries: Marquard, Mitchell and Elliott; Ponder and Schmidt.

used TRIBUNE WANT ADS

### Ouch! Such Pain!

It takes you right in the back! Sometimes in the arm, hip or foot. It's all due to an over-abundance of that poison, called uric acid. The kidneys are not able to get rid of it. Such conditions you can readily overcome, and prolong life by taking the advice of Doctor Pierce, which is, "keep the kidneys in good order." Avoid too much meat, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water, preferably hot water, before meals, and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking "Auric." This can be obtained at any drug store, in tablet form.

Boy River, Minn.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's medicines with good results in my family for years. At one time I was taken with La Grippe and it left me run down and with pains in my hips and back. I took different medicines without getting any benefit. At last I sent and got some Auric and took it and am feeling well and doing a good day's work. When I commenced taking the Auric Tablets I could hardly get out of bed, felt as though a knife was sticking in my back."—A. C. BLODGETT.

feated Brooklyn yesterday 4 to 3  
Marquard was driven from the box in the fifth. Score: R H E  
Brooklyn 100 000 200-3 8 1  
Pittsburgh 100 030 00x-4 11 1  
Batteries: Marquard, Mitchell and Elliott; Ponder and Schmidt.